

June 15, 2010

The City Council of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, met this day in the Council Chambers of City Hall. The Honorable Mayor Terry L. McAlister called the regular meeting to order at 7:00 p.m.

The Pledge of Allegiance was given.

Roll Call: Present: Honorable Mayor Terry L. McAlister
Councilmember Scott Bryan
Councilmember Sharol Lyn Deal
Councilmember Debra J. Forstedt
Councilmember Brent M. Nation
Councilmember James A. Powers
Councilmember Ronald Shaver

The meeting was also attended by City Manager Pat Merrill, City Attorney Jeffrey Wells, Police Chief Keith Kuretich, Municipal Engineer Brad Curtis, Community Development Director David Callahan, Community Service Director Patti Evans, Treasurer Terri Schafer and City Clerk Andrea Strand.

FIRST READING OF AN ORDINANCE ENTITLED, "AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTIONS 2-6 TO MODIFY MEMBERSHIP OF THE POLICEMEN'S PENSIONS BOARD AND 2-5 TO ALLOW PAST INCONSISTENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MONEY PURCHASE PLAN OF THE FORT MORGAN POLICE DEPARTMENT UNDER THE CODE OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN"

Mayor McAlister stated that we would delay the reading of the Ordinance until after the Police Pension Board spoke tonight. After the police pension board spoke, discussion continued and it was determined that options would be presented to the members of the pension plan and the outcome of the ballot would be communicated to Attorney Wells who would revise the Ordinance accordingly. The Ordinance originally presented to Council for consideration, prior to the discussion to amend the ordinance being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

ORDINANCE NO. _____

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTIONS 2-6 TO MODIFY MEMBERSHIP OF THE POLICEMEN'S PENSIONS BOARD AND 2-5 TO ALLOW PAST INCONSISTENT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MONEY PURCHASE PLAN OF THE FORT MORGAN POLICE DEPARTMENT UNDER THE *CODE OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN*

WHEREAS, previously, on or about February 16, 2010, the City Council directed the City Attorney modify Fort Morgan Municipal Code ("Code") to comply with the Charter; and,

WHEREAS, the Charter has established the City Manager as the officer responsible for all personnel matters and administration of the City's budget; and,

WHEREAS, The Fort Morgan Police Department Money Purchase Plan ("Plan") committee does not include the City Manager or a representative from the City Council and

Section 2-6 does not include the City Manager as part of board for the Policemen's Pensions; and,

WHEREAS, There is a conflict between the Plan requirements for governance and the City Code; and

WHEREAS, The Plan is sponsored by the taxpayers of the City for the benefit of the police employed at the City's police department; and

WHEREAS, City Council wishes to modify the current Police Pensions Board to provide board membership that is more representative of the various interests related to the Police Pensions funded by the City.

WHEREAS, The City currently pays a 12.8% employer contribution which is matched at 11.9% contribution for each police officer with a total contribution based upon the salary of each officer.

WHEREAS, Section 2-5 of the Fort Morgan Code disallows disparate contributions in the Policemen's Pensions funded by the City; and

WHEREAS, The City Council does not wish to penalize the officers for the administrative error that resulted in the current disparate contributions, but wishes to allow the past contributions made in violation of the Code to remain in the Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO:

SECTION 1. Section 2-6 is hereby amended as follows:

Sec. 2-6. Board of Trustees Established.

The Board of Trustees of the policemen's pension funds shall consist of the Mayor, the City Manager, the Treasurer, the Clerk, and one (1) three (3) members of the Police Department who shall be elected by that department. Said Board shall elect from its members a president and a secretary. The City Treasurer shall be ex officio treasurer of said Board and administer the funds under the jurisdiction of the Board. Said Board will serve without salary and shall have that authority and those duties and responsibilities specified by the police pension laws of the State and the City.

SECTION 2. Section 2-5 is hereby amended as follows:

The City, in compliance with the provisions of state statutes, does hereby authorize and direct the monthly payment to the policemen's pension funds an amount equal to that required from time to time by the State Policemen's and Firemen's Pension Reform Law and the Fire and Police Pension Association in administering said Law; provided, however, that the members of such Police Department shall, from their respective monthly salaries, contribute into the City's policemen's pension funds identical percentages monthly of their respective monthly salaries so that the contribution of the Police Department as a whole shall match the contribution for the City's general fund. The City Council shall have the right to adjust the employer contribution to the policemen's pension funds unless otherwise contrary to the law.

SECTION 3.

Any disparate contributions made prior to June 26, 2010 shall not be required to be refunded, and all contributions to the Plan must comply with Section 2-5 of the Fort Morgan Municipal Code. Contributions made to the Plan fund by the City shall be in the amount of 11.9% going forward, and may be adjusted as determined by the board and City Council.

READ, PASSED ON FIRST READING AND ORDERED PUBLISHED the ____ day of June, 2010.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

ATTEST:

Mayor Terry McAlister

Andrea Strand, City Clerk

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED ON FINAL READING AND ORDERED PUBLISHED the ____ day of _____, 2010.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

ATTEST:

Mayor Terry McAlister

City Clerk

STATE OF COLORADO)
COUNTY OF MORGAN)
CITY OF FORT MORGAN)

CERTIFICATE

I, Andrea Strand, the duly appointed, qualified and acting Clerk of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, do hereby certify and attest that the foregoing ORDINANCE NO. ____ was, as a proposed Ordinance duly and legally presented to the City Council of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, at a regular meeting on the ____ day of April, 2010. Said Ordinance, as proposed, was duly read at length at said regular meeting, and thereafter the same was, on the ____ day of _____, 2010, published in the *Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado. Said proposed Ordinance was again taken up and read a second time, duly and legally passed, approved and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council held on the ____ day of _____, 2010. Within five (5) days after its final passage, said Ordinance was published in the *Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado.

Andrea Strand, City Clerk

DISCUSSION AND/OR ACTION OF POLICE PENSION BALLOT QUESTIONS

Police Pension Board Chairman Todd Zwetzig spoke on behalf of the Police Pension Board, he currently lives in Greeley, Colorado, and is an Investigator with the Fort Morgan Police Department. He introduced members of the Pension Board, Sergeant Loren Sharp and Detective Steve Vosburg and the attorney for the pension plan, Cathy A. Odle. Investigator Sharp read the following statement:

There appears to be a common belief that the Board of Trustees has been “whining and complaining” about the requests that the City Council has made. I would like to start by stating that this couldn’t be further from the truth. We recognize that our retirement plan is a very good plan and have a great appreciation for the plan. This Board, who is charged with the responsibility of representing the members of the pension plan, has made no requests to change the plan from its current form and we are more than willing to bring this plan into compliance with any and all ordinances that are in conflict with the plan.

The Fort Morgan Police Department changed from a defined benefit plan to a defined contribution plan in 1984. Since that time, the city council and the Board of Trustees for this pension plan have always had a very positive relationship and we are very grateful for the cooperation. We truly believe that this positive interaction is the main reason we have the great retirement plan that we have.

A few months ago, the City Council met in executive session to discuss how this plan may be in conflict with an old ordinance that was still on the books. As a result of that meeting, the Pension Board was asked to look into three separate issues that the City Council wished to have addressed. It is, and always has been the intent of this Board to work with the City Council to come into compliance with any and all existing ordinances and as a result, we have met several times and have worked on ballots that could be distributed to the plan participants; however, we are in need of clarification on some of the issues.

The issues that were brought to the Board revolved around 3 things: an equal contribution from the city and the plan participants, the makeup of the Board of Trustees, and the removal of a requirement to have 65% of all plan participants vote in matters that concern the increase or decrease in city contributions to the plan. We would like to discuss two of these issues with the City Council this evening. We welcome any questions or discussion at any time.

The first thing that we would like to have clarified is in regards to the City Council’s concerns about the direction we take to gain compliance with the old ordinance. In order to comply with the ordinance, it is understood that the city’s contribution must either be decreased to 11.9% or the employee contribution must be increased to 12.8%. Furthermore, it is understood that the City Council had originally proposed a decrease in the city’s contribution due to the belief that many officers may not want to increase the employee’s contribution. After polling the members of the plan, it has been found that all plan members are in favor of increasing the employee contribution rather than decreasing the city’s contribution. As a board, however, we wanted to insure that the City Council is comfortable with the plan participants increasing their contribution to match the 12.8% that the city already contributes to the plan. In no way do we want to jeopardize the strong relationship built between the City Council and the Board. At this point, we welcome any feedback or questions that you may have.

The second question that we intend to place on the ballot evolves around the makeup of the Board of Trustees. Currently the Board consists of 3 elected members (plan participants), the City Treasurer, and the City Clerk. This has been the makeup of the Board since the plans inception. It is our understanding that the City Council would like to change the makeup of the Board, to include the Mayor and the City Manager, making the Treasurer a non-voting, ex-officio member of the Board, eliminating the City Clerk and keeping the 3 elected members. While this Board is not opposed to the proposed change, it is important to note that 65% of the plan members must vote for this change to occur according to our current plan. If these votes do not meet the 65% requirement, it is our understanding that there would have to be 2 separate boards (one that the city recognizes and one that is recognized by the plan). This would be completely inefficient and a duplication of efforts. It would also require many more people to be involved in any decision make process, which would slow the process considerably.

It is our hope that the City Council will present another option to the plan participants so that whichever way the plan participants choose to vote, the City Council and all of the plan members are in agreement. This would assist both the City Council and the Board of Trustees in maintaining the positive relationship that has evolved. At this point, we welcome any feedback or questions that you may have.

In regards to the third question raised by the City Council, it is believed that the Board of Trustees has adequate information and is capable of presenting this issue to the plan participants without any further clarification.

Once again we would like to thank the City Council for allowing us to discuss these matters and we look forward to working with you on this issue and any issues that may arise in the future. If you have any further questions or concerns in regards to this pension plan, we will be happy to meet with you again.

Attorney Wells stated that historically the police chief brought forward the pension increase or decrease through the budget process. Now that we have had a Charter change, the budget increase or decrease should be separate and brought through the city manager and treasurer. Plan attorney Odle stated that the 65% vote is reflected in the state plan and is also a universally accepted practice in a police and fire pension plans. She recommended that one board be established or it would hinder operations.

Mayor McAlister would like to see council representation on the police pension board to represent the citizens as well as the city manager or treasurer representing the budget. He stated that Council did budget 12.8% for this year, but would not want to be set at this rate for the future.

Councilmember Powers suggested that the Ordinance reflect the 12.8% rate this year and that section three of the ordinance reflect an equal amount. He recommended that the pension board should consist of a member of city council, city manager and the city treasurer.

It was discussed that a ballot should be given to the members of the police pension concerning the option to increase the employee contribution to 12.8% as well as provide two options concerning the pension board. Those options would be to have the mayor and the city manager on the board or the mayor or councilmember appointed by the mayor and city manager.

Schedule the first reading of the revised ordinance entitled, "An Ordinance Amending Section 2-6 to Modify Membership of the Policemen's Pensions Board and 2-5 to Allow Past Inconsistent

Contributions to the Money Purchase Plan of the Fort Morgan Police Department under the Code of the City of Fort Morgan.” for July 6th.

PROCLAMATION FOR RIDE TO WORK DAY

Pastor Phil Tarman was present and presented a Proclamation for Ride To Work Day for Council’s consideration. Councilmember Forstedt offered a motion to approve the Proclamation, her motion was seconded by Councilmember Powers and duly carried. Mayor McAlister then read the approved Proclamation. Said Proclamation being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

**PROCLAMATION
RIDE TO WORK DAY**

- WHEREAS, the price of fossil fuels is growing and supply is diminishing; and
- WHEREAS, the use of fossil fuels continues to damage our health by pollution and our future through global warming; and
- WHEREAS, our infrastructure repairs fail to keep pace with its degradation; and
- WHEREAS, scooters and motorcycles use less fuel, cause less pollution and have little impact on our infrastructure; and
- WHEREAS, scooters and motorcycles require only a fraction of space taken by other vehicles to park, thereby addressing an ongoing problem in our City; and
- WHEREAS, for these reasons, scooters and motorcycles offer a form of daily transportation to be encouraged; and
- WHEREAS, June 21, 2010, has been designated as “Ride To Work Day” to highlight the positive daily use of scooters and motorcycles; and

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that I, Terry L. McAlister Mayor of the City of Fort Morgan, do hereby proclaim June 21, 2010, as

Ride To Work Day

And encourage scooter and motorcycle riders to ride to work on that day, and encourage the daily use of those vehicles.

In witness whereof I have hereto set my hand and caused this seal to be affixed on June 15, 2010

/s/ Terry L. McAlister, Mayor

(SEAL)

Attest:

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

PROCLAMATION FOR NATIONAL PARKS AND RECREATION MONTH

Director Evans presented a Proclamation for Council Consideration entitled "Designation of July as Park and Recreation Month. She encouraged Council and the citizens to get involved with the various activities sponsored by the City and provided a calendar of events for July 2010. Councilmember Powers offered a motion to approve the Proclamation, his motion was seconded by Councilmember Nation and duly carried. Mayor McAlister then read the approved Proclamation. Said Proclamation being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

Designation of July as Park and Recreation Month

WHEREAS parks and recreation programs are an integral part of communities throughout this country, including Fort Morgan, Colorado; and

WHEREAS our parks and recreation are vitally important to establishing and maintaining the quality of life in our communities, ensuring the health of all citizens, and contributing to the economic and environmental well-being of a community and region; and

WHEREAS parks and recreation programs build healthy, active communities that aid in the prevention of chronic disease, provide therapeutic recreation services for those who are mentally or physically disabled, and also improve the mental and emotional health of all citizens; and

WHEREAS parks and recreation programs increase a community's economic prosperity through increased property values, expansion of the local tax base, increased tourism, the attraction and retention of businesses, and crime reduction; and

WHEREAS parks and recreation areas are fundamental to the environmental well-being of our community; and

WHEREAS parks and natural recreation areas improve water quality, protect groundwater, prevent flooding, improve the quality of the air we breathe, provide vegetative buffers to development, and produce habitat for wildlife; and

WHEREAS our parks and natural recreation areas ensure the ecological beauty of our community and provide a place for children and adults to connect with nature and recreate outdoors; and

WHEREAS the U.S. House of Representatives has designated July as Parks and Recreation Month; and

WHEREAS the City of Fort Morgan recognizes the benefits derived from parks and recreation resources

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED Mayor Terry L. McAlister that July is recognized as Park and Recreation Month in the City of Fort Morgan.

/s/ Terry L. McAlister, Mayor

Attest:

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

PROCLAMATION FOR SALUD FAMILY HEALTH CENTER'S 40TH ANNIVERSARY

Mayor McAlister introduced Margaret from Salud Family Health Centers who presented a Proclamation for Council Consideration entitled, "Salud Family Health Center 40th Anniversary. Councilmember Shaver offered a motion to approve the Proclamation, his motion was seconded by Councilmember Bryan and duly carried. Mayor McAlister then read the approved Proclamation. Said Proclamation being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

PROCLAMATION

Salud Family Health Center 40th Anniversary

WHEREAS, Maintaining the health of our community is essential to the health and welfare of our citizens; and

WHEREAS, Since 1970, Salud has worked to ensure integrated health care is available to all individuals and families in our community; and

WHEREAS, Salud is recognized locally, regionally and nationally, for responding to the health care needs of those most in need. Salud's contributions are known by every patient that has benefited from services at Salud.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that I, Terry L. McAlister Mayor of the City of Fort Morgan, do hereby proclaim June 25, 2010, as

Salud Family Health Center's 40th Anniversary

In witness whereof I have hereto set my hand and caused this seal to be affixed on June 15, 2010.

/s/ Terry L. McAlister, Mayor

(SEAL)

Attest:

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO EXECUTE THE AVIGATION EASEMENT WITH CAROLYN K. LEBSOCK AND AUTHORIZING THE EXPENDITURE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FORT MORGAN MUNICIPAL AIRPORT

Director Callahan presented a Resolution for Council's consideration concerning the City obtaining the air rights above this property for the Fort Morgan Municipal Airport.

Councilmember Powers offered the following Resolution and moved for its adoption. His motion was seconded by Councilmember Forstedt; said Resolution being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

RESOLUTION NO. 2010-06-01

**AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO EXECUTE THE
AVIGATION EASEMENT WITH CAROLYN K. LEBSOCK
AND AUTHORIZING THE EXPENDITURE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FORT MORGAN
MUNICIPAL AIRPORT**

WHEREAS, the parties to this Avigation Easement are the City of Fort Morgan (“Grantee”) and Carolyn K. Lebsock (“Grantor”); and,

WHEREAS, the Grantor owns certain real property in Morgan County, Colorado (“Grantor’s Property”), legally described in the Avigation Agreement attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference; and,

WHEREAS, a portion of the Grantor’s Property lies within the landing approach appurtenant with the Fort Morgan Municipal Airport; and,

WHEREAS, the Grantee seeks an Avigation Easement for the portion of 154.476 acres of the Grantor’s Property appurtenant to and for the benefit of the real property known as the Fort Morgan Municipal Airport; and,

WHEREAS, the Grantor is willing to grant the Grantee an easement with respect to Grantor’s Property for the sum of \$45,000.00 and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Avigation Easement; and,

WHEREAS, securing this easement is a necessity for a project being undertaken by the City for the purpose of the promotion of aviation at Colorado public use airports and for the betterment of the Colorado Aviation System in conjunction with the Aeronautics Division of the Colorado Department of Transportation and the Federal Aviation Administration; and,

WHEREAS, the City has secured funding through a grant with the Aeronautics Division of the Colorado Department of Transportation and the Federal Aviation Administration to offset the cost of this project at the Fort Morgan Municipal Airport as follows: Colorado Department of Aeronautics Division (2.5%) City of Fort Morgan (2.5%) and the Federal Aviation Administration (95%); and,

WHEREAS, City Staff has recommended that the City proceed with the expenditure and the execution of the Avigation Easement for the acquisition of the aforesaid easement.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO:

Sec. 1: The Mayor is hereby authorized to execute the Avigation Easement for the purpose of acquiring an easement in an amount not to exceed \$45,000.00.

Sec. 2: The Avigation Easement shall be for the purpose of securing unobstructed use and passage of all types of aircraft which includes any additions thereto and including fifty (50) feet of airspace above ground level from the current elevation of the property.

INTRODUCED, PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 15th day of June 2010, the vote upon roll call being as follows:

Ayes: Mayor McAlister, Councilmembers Bryan, Deal, Forstedt, Nation, Powers

and Shaver.

Nays: None.

Absent /Abstain: None.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

[SEAL]

BY: /s/ Terry McAlister, Mayor

ATTEST:

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

STATE OF COLORADO)
COUNTY OF MORGAN) ss. CERTIFICATE
CITY OF FORT MORGAN)

I, Andrea Strand, City Clerk of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing Resolution is a true, perfect and complete copy of the Resolution adopted by the City Council and is identical to the original thereof appearing in the official records of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, and that the same has not been, since its adoption, in any respect, rescinded or amended.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the City of Fort Morgan this 17th day of June, 2010.

Andrea Strand, City Clerk

RESOLUTION TO APPROVE THE BID TO VIAERO OR VERIZON FOR CELLULAR PHONE SERVICE AND HANDSETS

Manager Merrill stated that additional information concerning the cell phone bid had been obtained by Treasurer Schafer provided as a table file item for Council’s consideration.

Councilmember Forstedt asked about the equipment replacement at ten months. Treasurer Schafer said it was necessary to have the option to replace the equipment because of heavy use.

Councilmember Bryan stated concerns about replacement at ten months since it was a one year contract. Treasurer Schafer stated she tried to compare both companies and that Viaero would not offer new equipment, if it was re-bid in a year, because they required a twenty-two month replacement period. The equipment would not be free of charge with a new contract.

Councilmember Nation asked for clarification from the Viaero representative, Steve Erickson, who was present. Mr. Erickson stated he had concerns about the bid process and how

information was presented. He agreed it would be difficult to compare both companies. He wanted to make it clear that the twelve month contract would be bid again and that they would rebid new phones or equipment. He added that if the City went with Viaero as a one year contract, the contract would have to be rebid and more than likely the equipment would be replaced.

Manager Merrill asked Mr. Erickson who the single contact person would be. Mr. Erickson stated it would Michelle Baker.

Councilmember Deal stated that a recent action taken by Viaero's executives was offensive to her and she has been tempted to act in the same manner, but will not. She is still supportive of Viaero as they are a local company and she expects to receive excellent service from them. She would like him to take this information back to the company.

Councilmember Bryan stated that he also had concerns of the necessity to replace equipment at ten months and the cost of \$10,000 to do so. The Viaero's bid without the equipment replacement is a better value. He added that he promoted local business because of the benefits to the community.

Councilmember Nation offered the following Resolution and moved for its adoption. His motion was seconded by Councilmember Bryan; said Resolution being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

RESOLUTION

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO, to accept the bid submitted Viaero Wireless of Fort Morgan, Colorado, for the City's cell phone provider.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 15th day of June, 2010, the vote upon roll call being as follows: Ayes: Mayor McAlister; Councilmembers Bryan, Deal, Forstedt, Nation, and Shaver. Nays: Councilmember Powers. Absent/Abstain: None.

SECOND AND FINAL READING OF ORDINANCE NO. 1103 AS AMENDED, ENTITLED, "AN ORDINANCE REPLACING SECTION 2-9, PUBLIC BIDS; CONTRACTS LET BY MAYOR AND SECTION 2-10 CONTRACT LET TO LOWEST BIDDER, OF THE *FORT MORGAN MUNICIPAL CODE*," AND REQUEST TO PUBLISH BY TITLE ONLY WITH AMENDMENTS FROM THE ORIGINAL PUBLICATION

Attorney Wells presented an Ordinance for Council consideration on second and final reading, only change was letter k on page 5, concerning the timing of bid opening. Ordinance No. 1103 AS AMENDED, ENTITLED, "AN ORDINANCE REPLACING SECTION 2-9, PUBLIC BIDS; CONTRACTS LET BY MAYOR AND SECTION 2-10 CONTRACT LET TO LOWEST BIDDER, OF THE *FORT MORGAN MUNICIPAL CODE*," and request to publish by title only and reprint in full any section, subsection, or paragraph of the ordinance which was amended following the initial publication.

Councilmember Bryan stated that he had received community comments thinking that local preference had been eliminated. He understood that there would not be a rigid process but Council could go with a local provider even if it was more. Mayor McAlister stated that Council could make the best decision and is not tied to a specific amount.

Councilmember Nation offered the following Resolution and moved for its adoption as amended. His motion was seconded by Councilmember Powers said Resolution being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, an Ordinance entitled above was duly and legally presented to the City Council of Fort Morgan, Colorado, at a meeting held on the 18th day of May, 2010, and was duly read at length at the time; and

WHEREAS, the City Council at said meeting, by Resolution, ordered the publication of said Ordinance to be made in *The Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation, published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, not less than ten days before further consideration; and

WHEREAS, said Ordinance was again read to the Council and was designated ORDINANCE NO.1103, being in words, letters and figures as follows, to-wit:

ORDINANCE NO. 1103

AN ORDINANCE REPLACING SECTION 2- 9, PUBLIC BIDS; CONTRACTS LET BY MAYOR AND SECTION 2-10 CONTRACT LET TO LOWEST BIDDER, OF THE *FORT MORGAN MUNICIPAL CODE*

WHEREAS, The City of Fort Morgan (“City”) currently uses a policy adopted by resolution which governs the procurement requirements for the purchase of goods and services required to operate the various departments in the City; and,

WHEREAS, the current procurement policy does not provide direction for the authorization, approval or tracking of contracts and agreements; and,

WHEREAS, it is important to establish a process and policy accessible by the public that establishes the authority and procedure that City employees are required to follow when procuring goods and services on behalf of the City.

WHEREAS, the Fort Morgan City Council has placed a priority on shifting current City Polices into Ordinances; and,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO that Sections 2-9 and 2-10 of the *Fort Morgan Municipal Code*, are hereby replaced in their entirety as follows:

Section 2-9. Procurement and Contract Program

(a) Policy Statement. It shall be the Policy of the City of Fort Morgan to maintain a Procurement Program for the purchase of all goods and services used by the City. All contracts shall be let to the lowest reliable and responsible bidder as determined by the City as set forth under this section.

The purpose of the Procurement and Contract Program is:

1. To ensure that the City's best interest is served in the purchase of all goods and services;
2. To provide a uniform system of purchasing for use by all City Departments and Staff, and;
3. To establish guidelines for City relationships with Vendors and Contractors.
4. Intended to provide the most efficient process while ensuring fiscal responsibility when purchasing goods and services for the City.

(b) Authority and Responsibility. Authority for administering the Procurement and Contract Program is placed with the City Manager. The City Manager shall have the authority to delegate authority in writing to his subordinates to provide for the efficient procurement of goods and services necessary for City functions. The City Manager, and his authorized designees shall serve as Purchasing Agents for the City of Fort Morgan and shall have, on behalf of the City Council, the authority to represent the City in the purchase of goods and services within the limitations set forth in this policy. Each appointed official shall act as Purchasing Agents in their respective departments, and their procurement activities are subject to the limitations set forth in this section. All City employees are responsible for compliance with all provisions of this section.

(c) Definitions.

1. "Purchasing Agent" is the City Manager, the Volunteer Fire Chief, the City Attorney, and the Municipal Judge, or their designee(s).
2. "City" is the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado.
3. "IFB" is a formal Invitation for Bid.
4. "RFQ" is a formal invitation for qualification from potential bidders.
5. "LPA" is Limited Purchase Allowance.
6. "P.O." is Purchase Order.
7. "RPO" is Request for Purchase Order.
8. "IQ" is Informal Quotation.
9. "Vendor" is any individual, business, or company who/which sells goods and or services to the City.
10. "Fast Tracking" refers to the practice which the City may use to bid out parts of a project without letting the bid for the entire project.
11. "Local" refers to the boundaries of Morgan County.
12. "Qualified Select Bid List" identifies vendors who meet or exceed qualifying standards established by the City for Certain services, products or purchases.

13. "Contract Manager" is the person who is responsible for the purchase of goods and services on behalf of the City. This person is anyone authorized by City Council or the City Manager to purchase goods and services for the City and generally refers to the employee responsible for bidding and finalizing the purchase of any goods and services on behalf of the City.

(d) Best Value. It shall be the Policy of the City to make every reasonable effort to procure services and goods which are of the highest quality at reasonable prices with consideration given to service, availability, Vendor reliability, location of Vendor, etc.

(e) Limits and Approvals.

1. Approval by City Council. It shall be the Policy of the City to review and act upon all expenditures by the City. Approval and authorization for expenditures shall generally occur as follows:
 - I. All expenditures shall be authorized in the annual budget review and appropriations process. Any contract value that exceeds the amount approved in the budget and appropriation process shall be approved by the City Council before the expenditure and purchase is authorized.
 - II. Operating and Maintenance purchases including those in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) will be authorized in the annual budget review and appropriations process and will be approved by a general resolution for the monthly appropriations by the Council. Prior authorization by City Council for these purchases is not necessary so long as the purchase does not exceed the amount approved in the budget and appropriation process.
 - III. Capital Expenditures will be approved in the annual Budget and appropriations process. All items over (\$10,000.00) in cost must be approved by City Council before the Bid is awarded and prior to any purchase.
 - IV. Unbudgeted Expenditure. All unbudgeted expenditures shall be presented to and acted upon by Council prior to purchase, except for expenditures for a purchase made pursuant to Paragraph 2 regulating Emergency Purchases.
2. Emergency Purchases. It shall be the Policy of the City to waive the prior approval and bid requirements of the this section when, in case(s) of actual emergencies, the life, health or safety of employees or the general public is at risk or when significant harm may occur to operating systems and in the judgment of the City Manager or the Purchasing Agents services and/or goods must be procured immediately to prevent loss. Emergency purchases in excess of (\$10,000.00) must be approved by the Mayor and presented at the next regular City Council meeting for ratification by the Council. If the purchase is related to O&M then the item will be approved by the monthly expenditure resolution.
3. Purchases Estimated to Exceed (\$10,000.00) in Costs. It shall be the Policy of the City to require IFB's for all purchases in which the purchase price is estimated to exceed \$10,000 for any one purchase or liability, or where the aggregate

purchases from a single Vendor exceed \$10,000.00. However, this does not apply to purchases associated with federal, state or private grant funded projects that required the use of a specific Vendor for the project.

4. Purchases Estimated to Exceed \$1,000.00 but not Exceed \$10,000.00. It shall be the Policy of the City to require IQ's for all purchases which are estimated to exceed \$1,000.00, but not to exceed \$10,000.00 for any one purchase or liability.
 5. Purchases Estimated to be less than \$ 1,000 / Limited Allowance. It shall be the Policy of the City to allow the Purchasing Agent(s) to use their discretion in the purchase of services or goods which are estimated not to exceed \$ 1,000.00. Such purchases will be made using the Requisition Form.
 6. Use of Purchase Order. It shall be the Policy of the City to require the use of Purchase Orders for all procurements which are estimated to exceed \$1,000.00. Terms and conditions for Purchase Orders shall be developed by the Treasurer and approved by the City Attorney. The terms and conditions of the City shall supersede conflicting terms and conditions of an invoice.
 7. Multiple Department Purchase. Where multiple departments have contracted with a single Vendor for goods and services, and each department has a separate contract, the approval of those purchases will be same as O&M purchases, unless it is for a capital purchase. All capital purchases must be approved by City Council where the Vendor provides goods or services to other departments and the aggregate purchases exceed \$10,000.00.
- (f) Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. It shall be the Policy of the City to require reasonable and sound accounting procedures in the documentation, accounting and record keeping of all procurement and purchasing activities.
- (g) Payment of Taxes. The City of Fort Morgan, a municipality, is exempt from payment of all city, county, state and federal sales and excise taxes. Employees who purchase goods from any source must use their best efforts to ensure the City's tax exempt status recognized and honored.
- (h) Bid Process, Invitation For Bid. It shall be the Policy of the City that IFBs and RFQs be advertised a minimum of seven calendar (7) days prior to the bid opening date. For IFBs and RFQs that require a pre-bid meeting, the meeting shall be at least be at a minimum three (3) calendar days prior to the bid opening date. Pre-bid meetings will be at the discretion of the Contract Manager. The means of making an IFB known to the public that may be used by the a Contract Manager include direct mail to known vendors, posting in public places, announcements at City Council meetings, the City's internet website, etc. The Contract Manager shall use the most effective advertising methods to provide notification to the greatest number of qualified bidders. The IFB will include a statement of what is being purchased, bid and performance bonding requirements, requirements for certifications such as Liability, Worker's Comp., business licenses, etc., the place and from whom the prospective bidder may receive the Bid Packet, the Bid opening date, place and time. The Bid Packet will contain blank Bid Forms and detailed specifications and other information which may be appropriate for the IFB. Firms bidding under this provision are allowed to bid only once. Contracts related to IFBs are subject to Section 2-10.

- (i) Bid Process, Request for Qualifications. When the City has budgeted for either O&M or capital projects the Contract Manager has the discretion to advertise for an RFQ. The purpose of an RFQ is to allow the Contract Manager to select from all potential bidders, the most qualified to provide goods or perform services on behalf of the City. It shall be the Policy of the City that RFQs be advertised a minimum of seven calendar (7) days prior to the RFQ opening date. The Contract Manager shall use the most effective advertising methods to provide notification to the greatest number of qualified bidders. For RFQs that require a pre-qualification meeting, the meeting shall be at least a minimum three (3) calendar days prior to the bid opening date. Pre-qualification meetings will be at the discretion of the Contract Manager. The RFQ will include a statement of what is being purchased, bid and performance bonding requirements, requirements for certifications such as Liability, Worker's Comp., business licenses, etc., the place and from whom the prospective bidder may receive the Bid Packet. The RFQ will also provide as much detail about the scope of work on the project and specific qualifications or skill requirements to be put on the short list. Once a firm has been chosen for the short list they then have the right to bid on the final project. No other firms will be considered eligible to participate in the bidding portion of the project. Firms responding to an RFQ are allowed to submit only one response.
- (j) Bid Process, Informal Quotation. Bids via IQ require at least three (3) written responses, or a written statement from the Contract Manager explaining why three (3) written bid responses could not be secured. IQs are subject to the same contract requirements as IFBs and as stated in Section 2-10.
- (k) Bid Opening. It shall be the Policy of the City that all sealed bids (all IFBs) be opened by the City Manager or his designee at City Hall in Fort Morgan, Colorado, not earlier than 2:30 p.m. on the date the bid closes. All bids will be opened at City Hall between 2:30 and 4:30 p.m. on the date of closing. All bids must be received fifteen (15) minutes prior to the bid opening as set by the Contract Manager in the Bid Invitation. Any bids received thereafter shall not be considered. All bids must be delivered or mailed to City Hall. Vendors will be selected with the best interest of the City as the primary consideration
- (l) IFB and RFQ addenda. All question, comments and/or clarification regarding the IFB/RFQ shall be submitted to the Contract Manager in writing, including e-mail or facsimile. The cut-off date for questions, comments and/or clarification shall be determined by the Contract Manager. It shall be the responsibility of the prospective bidders to contact the Contract Manager to verify receipt of questions. Based upon such inquires, the Contract Manager may choose to issue an Addendum(a) to all applicable prospective bidders no later than two (2) calendar days prior to bid opening. Each bidder will be allowed to amend its submitted bid to conform to the proposal to the addendum issued by the Contract Manager.
- (m) Bid Award. The City Council will award all IFBs based on its review and action on recommendations made by the Contract Manager as presented by the Purchasing Agent. Bids let by IQs will be awarded by the Purchasing Agent or designee(s). It shall be the Policy of the City to reserve the right to accept or reject any bid or portion of bid and all bid documents shall so state.

- (n) Bid Bond. It shall be the Policy of the City to allow the Purchasing Agent(s) to secure Bid Bonds or Cash Security Deposits from bidders and prospective Vendors whenever and in such amounts deemed necessary in the Procurement Process to protect the City's best interest in the letting and awarding of bids.
- (o) Performance and Payment Bonds. It shall be the Policy of the City to allow the Purchasing Agent(s) to secure Performance and Payment Bonds or Cash Security Deposits from Contractors or Vendors whenever and in such amounts deemed necessary to protect the City's best interest but in all cases where and in the amounts required by state law or Statute or Grant, Federal Grant or contract. Only Bonds from companies or agencies registered and approved by the State of Colorado may be accepted.
- (p) Insurance. It shall be the Policy of the City to require consultants, contractors or Vendors to furnish to the Purchasing Agent(s) Certificates or proof of insurance coverage for General Liability of \$1,000,000 and Workers Compensation, and any other insurance coverage as may be appropriate for the project being bid. No contractor shall perform services or work for the City without having proper insurance in effect. Only insurance certificates from companies or agencies registered and approved by the State of Colorado will be accepted. Insurance policy limit requirements may modified by the City Manager, upon review by the City Attorney for single contracts that are less than \$50,000.00.
- (q) Conflict of Interest, Ethical Conduct. It shall be the Policy of the City that no employee or appointed official of the City of Fort Morgan shall benefit personally from any procurement by the City or have a fiduciary relationship with a company which may do business with the City without full disclosure to the City, and, in such cases, the City reserves the right not to purchase from the person or business. Violation of this portion of the policy shall require disciplinary action by City Management.
- (r) Commitments. No representation made by any employee of the City regarding the intent to purchase shall be binding upon the City unless such representations are made in writing, in accordance with the guidelines of this section and authorized and signed by the Mayor or Purchasing Agent (except for Emergency Purchases and Limited Purchase transactions). No contract shall be valid unless it is signed by the Mayor as required by the City Charter. All contracts shall be done according to any policy that is or may be adopted by City Council.
- (s) Out-of-Pocket Expenses. Employees may be reimbursed for their out-of-pocket expenditures when such expenditures are made in the conduct of City business, when they are reasonable, upon presentation of receipts and other documentation as may be required and when approved by Management. Reasonable expenses shall be determined by Management or the Purchasing Agent and, when the expense is not approved by Management, it must be paid by the employee.

Section 2-10. Contract Requirements

- (a) Policy Statement. The purpose of this section is to establish the responsibilities of employees who are authorized by the City Manager or Section 2-9 to purchase goods and services for the City of Fort Morgan.

(b) Authorized Signatures.

1. Contract and Agreements. The City Charter requires all contracts to be signed by the Mayor. No contract is valid unless it is signed by the Mayor.
2. Grant Applications. Grant applications must be signed by the City Manager. No grant application is valid without the City Manager's signature.

(c) Contract Approval Procedure.

1. All contracts or agreements for the purchase of goods and services must comply with Section 2-9. All purchases must have a contract or agreement that meets the requirements under this section.
2. All contracts and agreements negotiated on behalf of the City shall not violate the law. Any language required comply with state law or the constitution must be included in all contracts to which the law applies. Terms and conditions that relate to the benefit of the bargain shall be at the discretion of the Contract Manager. Any term or condition that is required by law or to preserve rights required under the law cannot be waived.
3. A Contract Manager is the person who is responsible for the purchase of goods and services on behalf of the City. This person is anyone authorized by City Council or the City Manager to purchase goods and services for the City, and generally refers to the employee responsible for bidding and finalizing the purchase of any goods and services on behalf of the City.
 - I. The Contract Manager must follow section 2-9 when purchasing goods or services for the City.
 - II. The Contract Manager is responsible for all negotiations and ensuring that the final contract or agreement is the same form approved by the City Attorney's Office when presented to the Mayor for signature.
 - III. The Contract Manager is responsible for meeting all of the City's requirements found in any contract or agreement for which goods and services have been procured.
 - IV. The Contract Manager is responsible to follow up on the funding provisions of multi-year contracts.
 - V. The Contract Manager is responsible for the renewal of any contract.
 - VI. The Contract Manager is responsible for ensuring that the City Clerk receives the record copy of all contracts and agreements to which the City is a party, except for purchase orders. Purchase orders are to be maintained by the City Treasurer.
4. Prior to submission for signature by the Mayor, all contract or agreements must be reviewed by the Office of the City Attorney.

- I. Each contract presented to the City Attorney for review, and the Mayor's signature must be provided in duplicate form. One final original contract will be retained by the City Clerk and the other will be forwarded to the other party according to the instructions provided to the City Clerk by the Contract Manager. The Contract Manager is responsible for requesting any copies that might be necessary to track performance of the contract.
5. Presentation of Capital Expenditure Contracts to City Council.
 - I. Agenda summaries are required for each contract that is required to be presented to City Council for approval. The summary shall include:
 - (a) A brief history of events leading to the specific contract approval recommendation.
 - (b) Information that the Office of the City Attorney has performed a review
 - (c) The specific line item approved in the budget for the purchase.
6. Multiple year contracts. Contract Managers are authorized negotiate multiple year contracts so long as they meet the following requirements.
 - I. The contract does not violate the Colorado Constitution.
 - II. The contract does not have built-in cost increases in successive years.
 - III. The contract is for the purchase of goods or services that will be required during the period of time the contract has been negotiated.
 - IV. No multiple year contracts may exceed a three (3) year period.
7. Public Access to Contract Information. The City reserves the sole and exclusive right to disclose contracts and supporting documentation for any purpose whatsoever. Any contract provision to the contrary shall be void. However, the City will not provide access to any person who is not authorized by the City Manager or pursuant to state law to have access to a contract or its supporting documentation. The City recognizes that some contracts and supporting documentation may contain proprietary information that a business does not wish to be provided to the public. The City, pursuant to the law, will make its best efforts to protect this information, so long as the information is specifically identified and the request is made in writing.
 - I. City Employees and Contract Managers involved in contract or agreement negotiations and the deliberative process associated with those negotiations shall not exchange proprietary information or other confidential information that is otherwise privileged with anyone outside of the City or outside the defined privileged group.
8. Personal Gain. No employee of the City may personally benefit from the contracting process. This section shall be subject to the regulations set forth in Section 2-20 of the Code concerning prohibited gifts to City officials.

9. Violations. Any violation of this chapter may result in disciplinary action. The City Council shall discipline any appointed official. Appointed officials shall discipline their employees for violations of this chapter. Violation may result in termination.
10. The Office of the City Attorney is authorized to take any action, legal or otherwise, to protect the City's interests related to any contract or agreement.

INTRODUCED, READ AND PASSED UPON FIRST READING this 18th day of May, 2010, for publication once in a newspaper of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, at least ten days before its final passage.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

[SEAL]

BY: /s/ Terry L. McAlister
Mayor

ATTEST:
/s/ Cheryl Winberg
Deputy City Clerk

FINALLY PASSED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED this 15th day of June, 2010, for publication once in the newspaper of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, within five days of the final passage, to take effect five days after final publication.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

[SEAL]

BY: /s/ Terry L. McAlister
Mayor

ATTEST:

/s/ Andrea J. Strand
City Clerk

STATE OF COLORADO)
COUNTY OF MORGAN)
CITY OF FORT MORGAN)

CERTIFICATE

I, Andrea Strand, the duly appointed, qualified and acting Clerk of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, do hereby certify and attest that the foregoing Ordinance No. 1103 was, as a proposed Ordinance duly and legally presented to the City Council of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, at a Regular Meeting on the 18th day of May, 2010. Said Ordinance, as proposed, was duly read at length at said regular meeting, and thereafter the same was, on the 24th day of May, 2010, published in *The Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado. Said proposed **Ordinance** was again taken up and read a second time, duly and legally passed, approved and adopted at a Regular Meeting of the City Council held on the 15th day of June, 2010. Within five

(5) days after its final passage, said Ordinance was published in *The Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado.

/s/ Andrea Strand
City Clerk

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 15th day of June, 2010, the vote upon roll call being as follows: Ayes: Mayor McAlister, Councilmembers Bryan, Deal, Forstedt, Nation, Powers and Shaver. Nays: None.

CONSENT AGENDA

Clerk Strand presented the Consent Agenda for Council consideration. Councilmember Powers offered a Resolution to approve the Consent Agenda as presented, and moved for its adoption. His motion was seconded by Councilmember Forstedt; said Consent Agenda being in words, letters and figures as follows, to wit:

- A. Approve the minutes from the June 1, 2010, regular meeting.
- B. Approve the disbursements and payroll for May 2010.

| CITY OF FM BILLS - MAY 2010 | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| AffCredit Svc-Misc | \$873.39 |
| AFLAC-Ins. | \$2,065.40 |
| Aggregate Industries-Supplies | \$874.35 |
| All Truck/Trailer Parts-Supplies | \$182.76 |
| Altec Industries Inc-Supplies | \$7,832.54 |
| American Ind Supply-Battery | \$215.53 |
| American Pride Co-op-Fertilizer | \$2,000.00 |
| American Red Cross-Lifeguard | \$434.50 |
| American Wtr Works-Dues | \$295.00 |
| Apex Inst, Inc.-Roots Meter | \$1,013.66 |
| Aqua Home Ent-Supplies | \$8.98 |
| Arthur L Ohlander/ElectServices | \$1,135.00 |
| Atco International-Cleaner | \$93.80 |
| B.A. Lawrence, LLC-Laser Align | \$715.00 |
| Bailey Auto Sales-Interior Detail | \$85.00 |
| Batteries Plus #86-Batteries | \$382.77 |
| Bauer & Furman-Crt ApptCnsl | \$264.34 |
| BCR - Ask Colorado-Sub | \$1,187.00 |
| Bellendir Tire & Auto-Tires | \$804.72 |
| Blackjack Pizza-Staff Meal | \$15.99 |
| Bloedorn Lumber-Supplies | \$1,171.07 |
| Blueglobes, Inc.-Supplies | \$162.19 |
| Bob's Upholstery -Seat Repair | \$300.00 |
| Boyle Equipt Company-Supplies | \$315.11 |
| Brandenburg & McGuire -Fee | \$238.75 |
| Bresnan Comm-Int Serv | \$175.57 |
| Bridgeway Financial Group-Book | \$8.50 |
| Bruce Hogan-TKD Instructor | \$223.75 |

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| Bruntz Electric Inc-InstalOutlet | \$465.66 |
| Buchanan Welding & Const | \$416.50 |
| Builders Aggregate Co-Concrete | \$504.80 |
| Business Mart-Supplies | \$48.56 |
| C3-ilex, LLC-Renew Agree | \$3,370.00 |
| California Contractors-Supplies | \$219.90 |
| Callaway Golf-Golf Shoes | \$596.92 |
| Candice Wyrsh-Utility Refund | \$47.29 |
| Canfield Drilling Co-Supplies | \$7,484.48 |
| Carboline Company-Supplies | \$144.60 |
| CareerTrack-Workshops/Training | \$210.90 |
| Cargill Meat Sol. Co-Snr BBQ | \$171.87 |
| CarpetsPlus Color Tile -Supplies | \$72.50 |
| Chad Corp-Reimbursement | \$2,030.00 |
| Chavez, Jamie-Permit Reimb | \$50.00 |
| Christopher L. Tucker-Supplies | \$1,342.00 |
| CIRSA-Deductibles | \$3,658.49 |
| Citibank South Dakota-Ded | \$704.62 |
| City of Fort Morgan-UB Reimb | \$23.07 |
| City of FM-Emp Health Cost | \$745.00 |
| City of FM-Health Care Costs | \$156,700.56 |
| City of FM-Swim Pool | \$120.00 |
| City of FM-City Utilities | \$47,205.66 |
| City of Westmstr CORA Reg | \$280.00 |
| CNH CAPITAL-Supplies | \$1,090.43 |
| Co FamSpt Reg-Misc Deduction | \$3,801.10 |
| CO Dept Ag-License Fee | \$50.00 |
| Colo Peace Officer Standards | \$75.00 |
| Colo State Fire Fighters Assoc | \$135.00 |
| Colonial Life & Accident- Ins | \$105.86 |
| CACP- Chief Registration | \$350.00 |
| Colorado Brownfields -Reg | \$50.00 |
| Colo Deptof Rev-Misc Deduction | \$203.08 |
| Color Dept of Rev-Sales Tax | \$88,080.00 |
| Colo Dept. of Rev-Payroll Taxes | \$18,096.00 |
| Colo Mosquito Control-Fee | \$6,658.34 |
| Colo Plains Med Cntr-Med Clear | \$72.80 |
| Colo State Tres-Reim | \$3,101.00 |
| ComCables-Supplies | \$168.02 |
| Comfort Inn-Stay and Play | \$77.00 |
| Complete Mailing Solution-Charge | \$2,175.00 |
| CompUSA-Supplies | \$545.15 |
| Computer Solutions-Supplies | \$25.90 |
| Conserve-A-Watt-Supplies | \$553.16 |
| Contin. Research Corp-Supplies | \$188.92 |
| Cook, Erik-Reimbursement | \$7.11 |
| Cory Cook-Reimbursement | \$8.57 |
| Country Hardware-Supplies | \$13.28 |
| Country Steak Out-Council Meal | \$177.80 |
| Culligan-Replace Filter | \$67.10 |
| Cummins Rocky Mtn LLC-Instpet | \$670.50 |

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| Curtis, Brad-Reimbursement | \$13.78 |
| Dana Kepner Company-Supplies | \$7,556.55 |
| DBC Irrigation Supply-Supplies | \$622.54 |
| Dell Marketing L.P.-Monitor | \$1,222.94 |
| Devlin Electric- Airport | \$1,506.51 |
| Diamond Tours, Inc-Deposit | \$3,750.00 |
| Diamond Vogel Paint-Supplies | \$232.75 |
| DRS-Police Pension | \$33,049.58 |
| Discount Tire of Ft. Morgan-Tires | \$783.27 |
| Don Jones Excavating-Excavation | \$1,150.50 |
| Dorn Ready Mix Corp-Supplies | \$2,821.88 |
| Doubletree Hotel-Conf | \$588.00 |
| Downtown Colorado Inc.-CRP | \$6,000.00 |
| Dresser, Inc. - Repair | \$285.19 |
| Dutton-Lainson Co-Supplies | \$513.66 |
| DW Insp. Systems, LLC-Supplies | \$309.31 |
| EarthGrains-Senior BBQ | \$60.00 |
| East Jordan Iron Works-Supplies | \$813.60 |
| Edge Entertainment Dist.-DVD's | \$86.32 |
| Edwards -Supplies | \$456.55 |
| Elan Financial -Credit Card | \$2,607.73 |
| Enable Properties, LLC-Rebate | \$1,179.74 |
| Endress + Hauser Inc.-Supplies | \$1,716.00 |
| Farm Plan-Supplies | \$27.75 |
| Farris Machinery Co-Supplies | \$960.00 |
| Fastenal Company-Supplies | \$2,035.91 |
| Ferguson Enter Inc.-Supplies | \$4,266.20 |
| Fire & Police Pension -Police | \$1,521.93 |
| Fire & Police Pension -OH Cont | \$6,106.67 |
| Firehouse-Subscription Renewal | \$520.00 |
| First Aid 2000-First Aid Supplies | \$211.05 |
| First Class Security System-Mont | \$468.21 |
| Fisher Scientific-Supplies | \$786.42 |
| Flat River Agri Inc-Supplies | \$124.55 |
| Fleet Services-Fuel | \$278.33 |
| Foot-Joy-Golf Shoes and Gloves | \$2,320.65 |
| FMorgan Hum.Socety-pmt | \$2,500.00 |
| Ft Morgan Med Group-Test | \$25.00 |
| Ft Morgan MuniCourt-NSF | \$8.00 |
| Ft Morgan Paint Bucket-Supp | \$70.19 |
| Ft Morgan Printing-Services | \$800.80 |
| Ft Morgan Vol Fire Dept-Calls | \$300.00 |
| Ft Morgan Vol Fire Dept-class | \$133.44 |
| Freedom Lifts, Inc.-Contracts | \$385.50 |
| Frontier Performance Lub-Supp | \$868.56 |
| Ft.Morgan Ladies Golf Ass-Fees | \$280.00 |
| Ft.Morgan Mens Golf Assn-Fees | \$3,155.00 |
| G & K Services-Services | \$3,017.15 |
| Gary Eddy-Reimbursement | \$36.80 |
| GE Analytical Ins-Lab System | \$21,740.00 |
| General Chemical Perf-Supplies | \$4,326.53 |

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| Global Equip Co-Storage Drums | \$231.60 |
| Gloria Zink-Utility Refund | \$201.64 |
| Golf Enviro Systems Inc-Supplies | \$16,449.65 |
| GOVConnection, Inc.-Supplies | \$280.20 |
| Grainger-Supplies | \$180.45 |
| Granit Bronz-Name Plaque | \$185.00 |
| Grant Station-Membership Reg | \$599.00 |
| Great Copier Service Inc-Services | \$708.37 |
| Groebner & Associates Inc-Supp | \$691.70 |
| Guardian-Additional Insurance | \$4,596.27 |
| Hach Company-Supplies | \$157.95 |
| Helena Chemical Co-Supplies | \$350.00 |
| Highsmith Inc-Stands | \$121.00 |
| Hill Petroleum-Fuel | \$2,118.05 |
| Hillyard - Denver-Supplies | \$34.08 |
| HireRight Sol Inc.-MRO Services | \$5.00 |
| Horizon Turf Farm Inc.-Sod | \$537.60 |
| Hotline Electrical Sales-Supplies | \$925.00 |
| HUB IntIns Svc-Broker Fee | \$3,416.66 |
| Humana Insurance Co. Inc. Ins | \$178.82 |
| Impressions By Bird, LLC-Supp | \$34.00 |
| Ingram Book Company-Books | \$3,016.01 |
| Intermountain Sales Den-Battery | \$112.00 |
| Interstate Battery-Supplies | \$966.54 |
| Iron Mtn Records Mgmt-Records | \$534.41 |
| JC Golf Acces-Golf Supplies | \$593.66 |
| Jerrae Swanson-Reimbursement | \$93.92 |
| Jim Powers-Reimbursement | \$91.63 |
| John Simpson-Reimbursement | \$7.11 |
| Kaman Industrail Tech-Supplies | \$209.76 |
| Kauffman Pest Control-Serv | \$65.00 |
| Keith Kuretich-Reimburesment | \$4.13 |
| Kevin Wilkins-Reimbursement | \$673.53 |
| KirbyBuilt Quality Products-Sup | \$182.50 |
| Knight Pest Control LLC-Svcs | \$50.00 |
| Kriz Davis Company-Supplies | \$2,552.06 |
| L L Johnson Distributing-Supplies | \$2,359.37 |
| L. N. Curtis & Sons-Knee Boots | \$144.45 |
| Landmark South-Utiltiy Refund | \$27.32 |
| Language Line Services-Interp | \$7.76 |
| Lapp, Gary-Utility Refund | \$92.19 |
| Laundry Services, Inc-Services | \$91.00 |
| Law Enforcement Intelligence-CD | \$100.95 |
| LDD Construction-Utility Refund | \$855.77 |
| Light, Harrington & Dawes-Svcs | \$35.00 |
| Linda F Howell-TKD Instructor | \$223.75 |
| Loren Sharp-Reimbursement | \$23.44 |
| Lyle Signs, Inc-Signs | \$591.06 |
| M & M Cooperative-Propane | \$886.34 |
| M E A N-Purchase Power | \$660,059.44 |
| Marriott HtIs-Pueblo-CACP Hotel | \$357.00 |

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| Matrix ConsultGroup-StaffAnalysis | \$13,835.00 |
| Maverick's Grill-Stay & Play | \$30.00 |
| Max-Life Mfg. Corp.-Supplies | \$426.00 |
| McAtee ConstCo-Supplies | \$2,647.00 |
| McCandless Intl Trucks-Supplies | \$512.04 |
| McDonald Phy Therapy-Screen | \$90.00 |
| McFadden ConstlGroup-Services | \$1,640.00 |
| Midwest Gas & Grocery -Fuel | \$9,146.23 |
| Midwest Lab-Effluent & Testing | \$2,579.46 |
| Model Cleaners Inc-Dry Cleaning | \$267.25 |
| Morgan County - Fuel | \$3,562.66 |
| Morgan County -Landfill Charges | \$22,553.95 |
| Morgan County EDC-Contribution | \$4,500.00 |
| Morgan County-Phone Services | \$77.18 |
| Morgan County -Ct Video Arrain | \$320.00 |
| Morgan County REA-Utilities | \$4,475.84 |
| MoCO Sheriffs Dept-Notice, fees | \$94.52 |
| Morgan Cty Quality Wtr-Water | \$209.25 |
| Morgan Emerg Group-Medical | \$96.96 |
| Morgan Sand & Gravel- Rock | \$790.08 |
| Mtn Const, Rainbow Bridge Impr | \$84,809.51 |
| Mr. D's Ace Home Center-Supp | \$1,438.38 |
| Municipal Treatment Equip-Supp | \$490.00 |
| N A D A Appraisal Guides-Book | \$146.00 |
| N MI Sports Med Center-Physical | \$240.00 |
| Nathan, Bremer -Handbook Rvw | \$395.00 |
| Nation Eng Serv-Aug Wtr Acct | \$660.00 |
| National Public Gas-Purchase Gas | \$337,103.28 |
| Nationwide Env Svcs-Supplies | \$591.96 |
| Nebr MuniPwr Pool-Reg | \$190.00 |
| Nestor Excavating LLC-Supplies | \$3,019.77 |
| Neve's Uniforms Inc-Uniforms | \$1,190.77 |
| Newco Incorporated-Supplies | \$299.08 |
| Northern Colorado Paper-Supp | \$1,451.07 |
| Northern Safety Co Inc.-Supp | \$58.02 |
| Office Depot Card Plan-Supp | \$295.47 |
| O'Sole Mio-Work Session Meal | \$65.80 |
| Parker Ag Services LLC-Supp | \$15,554.38 |
| Part Smart Carquest-Supplies | \$708.68 |
| Pavement Repair -Supp | \$810.00 |
| PayFlex Systems -Sect 125 | \$5,437.53 |
| PayFlex Systems -Admin Fee | \$184.00 |
| Peak Communication-Supplies | \$1,050.00 |
| Peak Pump Sales-Pump Repair | \$2,985.00 |
| PERA 401K Invest Plan-Contr | \$10,397.24 |
| Phelps-Atkinson-Golf Cs Design | \$4,235.00 |
| Ping Inc-Supplies | \$80.01 |
| Pinnacol Assur-WC Renewal | \$22,944.71 |
| PiperTel Com-Phone Sys Maint | \$882.50 |
| Pitney Bowes Inc-Rental | \$787.82 |
| Plan Tools, LLC-Comp Plan | \$8,995.55 |

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|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Pollardwater-Tools | \$846.74 |
| Portable Welding Service-Repair | \$120.00 |
| Postmaster-Postage UB | \$3,765.75 |
| Pre-Paid Legal Services-Misc Ded | \$300.90 |
| PERA-Pension | \$97,296.71 |
| Pulltarps-Electric Motor | \$307.29 |
| QA Balance Services Inc-Svcs | \$858.00 |
| QC Supply-Supplies | \$120.99 |
| Quest Diagnostics-Drug Screen | \$46.96 |
| Quill Corporation-Supplies | \$1,316.00 |
| Qwest-Phone Charges | \$3,272.09 |
| Ransom Boone Excavating-Repair | \$7,603.65 |
| Redwood Toxicology Lab-UA | \$33.00 |
| Reed Elsevier Inc-Svcs | \$302.06 |
| Riverside Co DCS-Misc Ded | \$390.00 |
| RSI Company-SCADA | \$3,500.00 |
| Ruhl Distributing Co-Supp | \$32.70 |
| Ruppel's Auto & Truck Repair | \$128.16 |
| Ruppels Plumb & Heat-Sewer | \$150.00 |
| Rust Automation & Control-Supp | \$133.82 |
| S & S Worldwide, Inc.-Supplies | \$63.99 |
| Sagel, Darin-Reimbursement | \$20.58 |
| Sailsbery Supply Co-Supplies | \$1,010.17 |
| School for the Perf Arts-Fuel | \$500.00 |
| Scott Aviation-FBO Fees & Sup | \$3,240.28 |
| Service Master-Janitorial Serv | \$3,050.00 |
| Sharp Bros. Seed Co.-Seed | \$30.00 |
| Sherwin-Williams- Paint Supp | \$2,387.32 |
| Sheryl Groves-TKD Instructor | \$223.75 |
| Shinker, Verla-Utiltiy Refund | \$94.84 |
| Short Elliott Hendrickson-Prof | \$1,200.00 |
| Skarshaug Testing Lab- Test | \$143.69 |
| Slafter Oil Co.-Hydraulic Oil | \$557.76 |
| Sleek's Rent-To-Own-Shipping | \$30.37 |
| SLS Industrial Serivces-Access | \$333.33 |
| Snap On Tools-Supplies | \$588.50 |
| SOS Staffing-Temp Services | \$1,899.50 |
| Southwest Public Safety-Supp | \$42.95 |
| Spark HR Consulting-Prof Svcs | \$5,925.00 |
| Sports Boosters-Sports Poster | \$99.00 |
| Staples-Supplies | \$2,711.09 |
| Star Athletic Club-Dues | \$332.84 |
| State of Colorado- Service | \$1,076.89 |
| Sterling Fire Rescue-Reg | \$525.00 |
| Stub's Gas & Oil-Fuel | \$9.20 |
| Sunrise Envir Scientific-Supp | \$377.09 |
| Thatcher Company-Supplies | \$1,309.60 |
| The Active Network, Inc. -Annual | \$291.72 |
| The Betty Mills Co-Supplies | \$214.66 |
| The Flower Petaler-Empl Appr | \$43.91 |
| The Fort Morgan Times-Adv | \$2,826.49 |

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|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| ThyssenKrupp Elevator-Maint | \$1,766.80 |
| Tiffany, Twyla-Utility Refund | \$38.44 |
| Tim Malone-Reimbursement | \$117.00 |
| TITLEIST-Supplies | \$2,957.05 |
| Tolin Mechanical Sys-Repair | \$440.00 |
| Town of Sedgwick-Reg | \$105.00 |
| Tri-Pacific Supply Inc-Supplies | \$215.00 |
| Underwriters Lab-Supplies | \$450.00 |
| Union Colony Protective-Security | \$280.50 |
| Unique Embroidery-Supp | \$7.85 |
| United Way Morgan Co-Cont | \$167.00 |
| UNUM Provident-Life Ins Prem | \$2,998.89 |
| Upstart-Supplies | \$90.00 |
| USABlueBook-Supplies | \$1,376.54 |
| USI Education & Govt-Supplies | \$88.19 |
| Utility Notif Ctr-Utility Locates | \$326.83 |
| Vaisala Inc.-Repair Services | \$877.00 |
| Vance Brothers, Inc.-Supplies | \$74.00 |
| Viaero Wireless-Cell Phones | \$2,461.03 |
| Vision Service Plan (CO)-Ins. | \$1,601.75 |
| W B Supply Company-Supplies | \$27.84 |
| Wakefield & Ass-Finders Fee | \$6.24 |
| Warehouse Supply-Supplies | \$6,227.07 |
| Waste Management-Trash Svs | \$234.57 |
| WeatherSure Systems-Repair | \$29,860.40 |
| Weiss Master Mfg-Rail Gates | \$222.80 |
| Weller Fab& Machine-Cage repair | \$2,564.34 |
| Wells Fargo-Payroll Taxes | \$57,590.79 |
| Wells, Jeffrey-Reimbursement | \$49.72 |
| Wesco Distribution Inc-Supplies | \$19,899.47 |
| West Group Pmt-Info Charges | \$329.45 |
| Westek Rental LLC-Rental | \$645.00 |
| WAPA-Purchase Power | \$283,271.39 |
| Western United Electric Supply | \$154.74 |
| Westview Printing-Supplies | \$217.97 |
| Wiggins Telephone Assoc-Phone | \$148.19 |
| Wireless Advanced Comms-Agmt | \$5,525.25 |
| Xcel Energy-Utilities | \$9,725.24 |
| Xerox Corporation-Copy Charges | \$1,866.32 |
| Zwetzig, Todd-Reimbursement | \$26.13 |
| | |
| Disbursements Total | \$2,369,910.43 |
| Payroll Total | \$402,282.93 |
| Total for May 2010 | \$2,772,193.36 |

C. Second and Final Reading of Ordinance No. 1104 entitled, "An Ordinance for the Regulation of Traffic by The City of Fort Morgan, Colorado; Adopting by Reference The 2010 Edition of The "Model Traffic Code For Colorado"; Repealing all Ordinances in Conflict Therewith; and Providing Penalties for Violation thereof and request to publish by title only.

ORDINANCE NO. 1104

**AN ORDINANCE FOR THE REGULATION OF TRAFFIC
BY THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO; ADOPTING BY REFERENCE THE 2010
EDITION OF THE "MODEL TRAFFIC CODE FOR COLORADO "; REPEALING ALL
ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT THEREWITH; AND PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION
THEREOF.**

WHEREAS, this Ordinance is intended to repeal and restate Chapter 18 of the Fort Morgan Municipal Code, (1994); and,

WHEREAS, this Ordinance is intended to adopt by reference the 2010 Edition of the Model Traffic Code for Colorado, subject to the identified additions, modifications, and deletions.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN,
COLORADO:

Section 1. Chapter 18, "Motor Vehicles and Traffic" is hereby repealed in its entirety.

Section 2. The new Chapter 18, "Motor Vehicles and Traffic" is hereby added to the Code of the City of Fort Morgan, (1994), as follows:

CHAPTER 18

MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

- Sec. 18-1-101. Adoption.
- Sec. 18-1-102. Deletions.
- Sec. 18-1-103. Additions or Modifications.
- Sec. 18-1-104. Penalties.
- Sec. 18-1-105. Application.

Sec. 18-1-101. Adoption.

Pursuant to Parts 1 and 2 of Article 16 of Title 31, C.R.S., as amended, there is hereby adopted by reference Articles I and II, inclusive, of the 2010 edition of the "Model Traffic Code for Colorado", promulgated and published as such by the Colorado Department of Transportation, Safety and Traffic Engineering Branch, 4201 East Arkansas Avenue, Denver, Colorado 80222. The subject matter of the Model Traffic Code relates primarily to comprehensive traffic control regulations for the City. The purpose of this Ordinance and the Code adopted herein is to provide a system of traffic regulations consistent with state law and generally conforming to similar regulations throughout the State and the nation. Three (3) copies of the Model Traffic Code adopted herein are now filed in the office of the Clerk of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, and may be inspected during regular business hours.

Sec. 18-1-102. Deletions.

The 2010 edition of the Model Traffic Code is adopted as if set out at length save and except the following articles and/or sections which are declared to be inapplicable to this municipality and are expressly deleted: Section 1210, Section 1409(9), Sections 1702 and 1705(1), Part 18 in its entirety.

Sec. 18-1-103. Additions or Modifications.

The Model Traffic Code as adopted herein is subject to the following amendments, additions or modifications:

(a) Section 103(2) (b), Scope and effect of Code, is amended to read as follows:

103. Scope and effect of Model Traffic Code - exceptions to provisions.

(2)(b) For provisions of sections 236, 1211, 1401, 1402, 1409 (3) and 1413 of this Code which shall apply upon streets and highways and elsewhere throughout the jurisdiction.

(b) Section 225(3) Mufflers - prevention of noise is amended and reads as follows:

(3) Any person who violates subsection (1) of this section commits a class B traffic infraction.

(c) Section 508, Gross weight of vehicles and loads, is modified by the addition of the following subsection (2) to read in its entirety as follows:

(2) When official signs are erected giving notice thereof, no truck shall be moved or operated on any streets or parts thereof when the gross weight thereof exceeds 7,000 pounds; provided, however, that provisions of this subsection (2) shall not be construed to prohibit the driver of any truck from traveling over such streets or parts thereof, other than controlled-access roadways, for the purpose of delivering or picking up materials or merchandise or reaching a destination which occurs on such streets if such truck enters such streets at the intersection nearest the destination of the vehicle and proceeds thereon no farther than the nearest intersection thereafter. For purposes of this subsection (2), "truck" shall not include any "noncommercial or recreational vehicle."

(d) Section 603, Obedience to official traffic control devices, shall be amended by the addition of subsection (5) to read as follows:

(5) Wherever barricades are erected to close off a part or all of a street or highway, no person shall drive around, through, or between such barricades or into the barricaded area except as directed or permitted by official signs or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or other authorized person.

(e) Section 711, Driving on mountain highways, is *repealed* in its entirety and reenacted to read as follows:

711. Funeral processions.

(1) A funeral procession shall be identified by the display upon the outside of each vehicle of a pennant or other identifying insignia or by such other method as may be required by the traffic or police authority of this municipality.

(2) Each driver in a funeral procession shall drive as near to the right-hand edge of the roadway as practicable and shall follow the vehicle ahead as close as is practicable and safe.

(3) No driver of a vehicle shall drive between the vehicles comprising a funeral procession while said vehicles are in motion and when said vehicles are conspicuously designated as required in this Ordinance. This provision shall not apply at intersections where traffic is controlled by signals or police officers.

(f) Subsection (1) of Section 805, Pedestrians walking or traveling in a wheelchair on highways, is amended to read as follows:

(1) Pedestrians walking or traveling in a wheelchair along or upon the streets and highways of this municipality shall:

(a) Where sidewalks are not provided, pedestrians shall walk or travel only on a road shoulder as far as practicable from the edge of the roadway. Where neither a sidewalk nor road shoulder is available, any pedestrian walking or traveling in a wheelchair along and upon a highway shall walk as near as practicable to an outside edge of the roadway and, in the case of a two-way roadway, shall walk or travel only on the left side of the roadway facing traffic that may approach from the opposite direction; except that any person lawfully soliciting a ride may stand on either side of such two-way roadway where there is a view of traffic approaching from both directions.

(b) Where sidewalks are provided, it shall be unlawful for any pedestrian to stand, sit or lay in or walk upon that portion of an adjacent roadway normally used by moving motor vehicle traffic.

(g) Section 1101, Speed limits, is amended and modified by the addition of Subsection (12) to read in its entirety as follows:

(12) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 1101, the City of Fort Morgan does hereby adopt as the lawful speed limit or limits for traffic upon that portion of any Interstate Highway or State Highway situated in the City of Fort Morgan, the adjusted speed limit or limits established by the State Department of Highways on Interstate Highway I-76 or any State Highway within the corporate limits of the City of Fort Morgan.

(h) Section 1102, Altering of speed limits --- When, is amended and modified by the addition of subsection (6) to read as follows:

(8) Official Traffic Control Schedules for Designated Streets in the City of Fort Morgan, Part H of the Appendix to the 2010 Model Traffic Code in accordance with the provisions of Section 1101 and 1102, shall be kept by the Chief of Police, as traffic engineer of the City, in lieu of maintaining said Schedules as a part of the text of the Model Traffic Code.

- (i) Section 1203, Authority to impound vehicles, is hereby added to the Model Traffic Code:

1203. Authority to impound vehicles.

(1) Whenever any police officer finds a vehicle, attended or unattended, standing upon any portion of a street or highway right-of-way within this municipality in such manner as to constitute a violation of Part 12 of this Model Traffic Code, or left unattended for a period of 24 hours or more and presumed to be abandoned, or where the driver thereof has been cited for a violation of Section 1409 of this Model Traffic Code, or any person who shall leave a vehicle parked, standing or abandoned under the conditions prescribed by Part 18 of Article 4 of Title 42, inclusive, C.R.S., such officer may require such vehicle to be removed and placed in storage in the nearest garage or other place of safety designated or maintained by the municipality.

(2) Vehicles removed from streets or highways within this municipality and placed in storage as provided in this Section 1203 shall be disposed of in accordance with the provision of state law, Part 18 of Article 4 of Title 42, C.R.S.

(3) Notwithstanding the authority granted by subsection (1) of this Section 1203 to remove and store any vehicle left parked, standing or abandoned, any person, firm or corporation who shall leave any vehicle parked, standing or abandoned contrary to the provisions of subsection (1) of this Section 1203 shall be deemed guilty of a traffic infraction.

- (j) Subsection 2 of Section 1204, Stopping, standing, or parking prohibited in specified places, is amended by the addition of the following provision:

(g) No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle within an alley in such position as to block the flow of traffic within the alley or to block the driveway entrance or pedestrian entrance to any abutting property.

- (k) Subsection 3 of Section 1204, Stopping, standing, or parking prohibited in specified places, is amended and modified to read as follows:

(3) In addition to the restrictions specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this Section 1204, no person shall park a vehicle, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or official traffic control device, in any of the following places:

(a) Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing;

(b) At any other place where official signs prohibit parking.

(c) No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle for any purpose or length of time in any restricted parking zone other than for the purpose specified on official signs marking such restricted zone and during the period of time the restriction is effective, except that the driver of a passenger vehicle may stop momentarily therein for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading

or unloading passengers when such standing or stopping does not interfere with the kind of traffic for which the zone is reserved.

(d) On any street or at any place within this municipality where official signs or markings are posted giving notice of stopping, standing or parking restrictions or prohibitions, no person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle in any manner in violation of the provisions contained on such sign or signs or markings except for the purpose of loading or unloading passengers when such standing, stopping or parking does not obstruct, impede or endanger any traffic.

(l) Section 1204. Stopping, standing or parking prohibited in specified places, is amended by the addition of subsections (6) and (7) to read as follows:

(6) No person shall park a vehicle upon a roadway for the principal purpose of:

(a) Displaying such vehicle for sale;

(b) Washing, greasing, painting, or repairing such vehicle except repairs necessitated by an emergency;

(c) Displaying advertising.

(7) No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle on any highway ramp or on any other portion of the main-traveled way of such highway.

(m) Section 1212. Parking prohibitions for specified vehicles on city streets, is hereby added to the Model Traffic Code:

(1) Application: The prohibitions hereinafter set forth shall apply to the following vehicles:

(a) *Camper coach* means an item of mounted equipment, weighing more than five hundred (500) pounds, which when temporarily or permanently mounted on a motor vehicle adapts such vehicle for use as temporary living or sleeping accommodations, 102(9);

(b) *Camper trailer* means a wheeled vehicle having an overall length of less than twenty-six (26) feet, without motive power, which is designed to be drawn by a motor vehicle over the public highways and which is generally and commonly used for temporary living or sleeping accommodations, 102(10);

(c) *Farm tractor* means every motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a farm implement for drawing plows and mowing machines and other implements of husbandry, 102(23);

(d) *Implement of Husbandry* means every vehicle which is designed for agricultural purposes. It also includes equipment used solely for the application of liquid, gaseous and dry fertilizers. Transportation of fertilizer, in or on the equipment used for its application, shall be deemed a part of application if it is

incidental to such application. It also includes hay balers, hay stacking equipment, combines, tillage and harvesting equipment, and other heavy movable farm equipment primarily used on farms and not on the highways. Trailers specially designed to move such equipment on highways shall, for the purposes of Section 4-4-42, C.R.S., be considered as component parts of such implements of husbandry, 102(30);

(e) *Mobile machinery or self-propelled construction equipment* means those vehicles, self-propelled or otherwise, which are not designed primarily for the transportation of persons or cargo over the public highways, and those motor vehicles which may have originally been designed for the transportation of persons or cargo over the public highways, and those motor vehicles which may have originally been designed for the transportation of persons or cargo but which have been redesigned or modified by the mounting thereon of special equipment or machinery, and which may be only incidentally operated or moved over the public highways. This definition includes but is not limited to wheeled vehicles commonly used in the construction, maintenance and repair of roadways, the drilling of wells and the digging of ditches, 102(37);

(f) *Motor home* means a vehicle designed to provide temporary living quarters and which is built into, as an integral part of or a permanent attachment to, a motor vehicle chassis or van, 102(40);

(g) *Noncommercial or recreational vehicle* means a truck operated singly or in combination with a trailer or utility trailer when the truck does not exceed six thousand five hundred (6,500) pounds or a motor home, which truck or motor home is used exclusively for pleasure, enjoyment, other recreational purposes or family transportation of the owner, lessee or occupant and is not used to transport cargo or passengers for profit, hire or otherwise in any business or commercial enterprise, 102(44);

(h) *Pole, pipe trailer or dolly* means every vehicle of the trailer type having one (1) or more axles not more than forty-eight (48) inches apart and two (2) or more wheels used in connection with a motor vehicle solely for the purpose of transporting poles or pipes and connected with the towing vehicle both by chain, rope, or cable and by the load without any part of the weight of said dolly resting upon the towing vehicle. All the registration provisions of Articles 1 to 4 of Title 42, C.R.S., shall apply to every pole, pipe trailer or dolly, 102(54);

(i) *Semitrailer* means any wheeled vehicle, without motor power, designed to be used in conjunction with a laden or unladen truck tractor so that some part of its own weight and that of its cargo load rests upon or is carried by such laden or unladen truck tractor and that is generally and commonly used to carry and transport property over the public highways, 102(67);

(j) *Trailer* means any wheeled vehicle, without motive power and having an empty weight of more than two thousand (2,000) pounds, which is designed to be drawn by a motor vehicle and to carry its cargo load wholly upon its own structure and which is generally and commonly used to carry and transport property over the public highways, 102(82);

(k) *Trailer coach* means any wheeled vehicle having an overall width not exceeding eight (8) feet and an overall length, excluding towing gear and bumpers, of not less than twenty-six (26) feet and not more than forty (40) feet, without motive power, which is designed and generally and commonly used for occupancy by persons for residential purposes, in temporary locations, and which may occasionally be drawn over the public highways by a motor vehicle and is licensed as a vehicle, 102(83(a));

(l) *Utility trailer* means any wheeled vehicle weighing two thousand (2,000) pounds or less, without motive power, which is designed to be drawn by a motor vehicle and which is generally and commonly used to carry and transport personal effects, articles of household furniture, loads of trash and rubbish, or not to exceed two (2) horses over the public highways, 102(87).

(2) Unless a permit shall have been issued by the City to authorize a vehicle to be temporarily parked or stored at a specific location within the City, no person shall park or store any "vehicle" as specified in Subparagraph (1) hereof on any public street, alley or right-of-way within the City limits that is not within a designated industrial zone district or other area specifically posted to permit such parking, except for the purpose of loading or unloading of persons and/or property or by an operator using an adjacent motel or hotel, and then only for a period not to exceed seventy-two (72) hours. Such temporary placement may not last more than seventy-two (72) hours, but trying to avoid the intent of this Section, by moving the vehicle a short distance, attaching it to a tow vehicle or driving it around the block does not start a new seventy-two hour period. The parking limitations imposed by Sec. 6-11(a) of the Fort Morgan Municipal Code (1994) shall continue to apply as therein provided for a motor home or travel trailer, except as amended hereby. No camper coach, camper trailer, motor home, recreational vehicle, trailer coach or utility trailer shall be used for dwelling or sleeping purposes while parked in any such place.

(3) No such vehicle shall be stored on any lot in a residential or business district in such manner as to impede visibility of pedestrian or vehicular traffic.

(4) It shall constitute a separate offense each calendar day that a violation occurs or continues.

(5) Any person who violates any provision of this section commits a class A traffic infraction.

(n) Section 1213. Curb Service, is hereby added to the Model Traffic Code

It shall be unlawful for any person to conduct a business commonly known as *curb service* for the vending and serving at the curb of any streets of the City any confections, candies, fountain drinks or tobacco, except if a Revocable Permit shall have previously been approved and issued for encroachments and sales of food or beverages in the public right-of-way and upon the sidewalk or sidewalk area by the City.

(o) Section 1214. Parking offenses; schedule of fines, is hereby added to the Model Traffic Code

(1) Time limit parking. Except on Sundays or holidays, it shall be unlawful to park

any vehicle for a longer consecutive period of time than that designated in any area designated as a limited parking area and so marked.

(2) Signs. The Chief of Police or any other person authorized by the Mayor shall cause signs to be posted in all areas where parking is limited or prohibited by ordinance, indicating such limitations or prohibitions.

(3) Penalty. Any person, firm or corporation owning or operating a motor vehicle parked in violation of any provision of this Section shall be subject to fines in accordance with the fee schedule set by resolution of the city council, a copy of which will be available in the office of the city clerk.

(4) It shall constitute a separate offense each time a violation occurs or continues.

Sec. 18-1-104. Penalties.

Section 1701 of the Model Traffic Code is repealed and reenacted to provide for the following penalties, herewith set forth in full, which shall apply to all violations of the Model Traffic Code adopted herein:

1701. Traffic offenses classified - schedule of fines.

(1)(a) It shall be a traffic offense or a traffic infraction, as specified in the Common Code of Traffic Violations which is hereby adopted by reference and incorporated herein as if set forth in full, for any person to violate any provision of this Code.

(b) A traffic infraction shall constitute a civil matter. In all cases involving solely a traffic infraction, all questions of fact and law shall be heard and decided by the municipal judge without a jury and there shall be no trial by jury.

(2)(a)(I) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4) of this Section, traffic infractions are divided into two classes which shall be subject to the following penalties which are authorized upon entry of judgment against the defendant:

| CLASS | MINIMUM PENALTY | MAXIMUM PENALTY |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A | \$5 penalty | \$250 penalty |
| B | \$5 penalty | \$250 penalty |

(II)(A) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4) of this Section, traffic offenses are divided into two classes which are distinguished from one another by the following penalties which are authorized upon conviction:

| CLASS SENTENCE | MINIMUM SENTENCE | MAXIMUM |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Ten days imprisonment, or \$100 fine, or both | One year imprisonment, or \$1,000 fine, or both |
| 2 | Five days imprisonment, or \$10 fine, or both | Ninety days imprisonment or \$300 fine, or both |

(B) Any person convicted of a Class 1 or Class 2 traffic offense may be sentenced to perform a certain number of hours of community or useful public service in addition to any other sentence provided by Subparagraph (A) of this Subparagraph (II), subject to the conditions and restrictions of C.R.S. § 16-11-701.

(3)(a)(I) Except as provided in Paragraph (c) of Subsection (4) of this Section, every person who is convicted of, who admits liability for, or against whom a judgment is entered for a violation of any provision of this Code to which the provisions of Paragraph (a) or (b) of Subsection (4) of this Section shall apply shall be fined or penalized in accordance with the penalty schedule set out in the Common Code attached hereto and incorporated herein; or, if no penalty is specified in the schedule, the penalty for Class A and Class B traffic infractions shall be \$5.00. These penalties shall apply whether the Defendant acknowledges the Defendant's guilt or liability in accordance with the procedure set forth in Paragraph (a) of Subsection (4) of this Section or is found guilty by a court of competent jurisdiction or judgment by default has entered against the Defendant.

(II) Any person convicted of violating Sections 507 or 508 shall be fined pursuant to Table 1, Penalty for Overweight Violations (507 and 508), set out in the Common Code, whether the Defendant acknowledges Defendant's guilt pursuant to the procedure set forth in Paragraph (a) of Subsection (4) of this Section or is found guilty by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(III) Any person convicted of violating any of the provisions of Section 510 shall be fined in accordance with Table 2, Penalty Chart for Weight in Excess of Weight Authorized by Special Permit (510), set out in the Common Code attached hereto and incorporated herein, whether the violator acknowledges the violator's guilt pursuant to the procedures set forth in Paragraph (a) of Subsection (4) of this Section or is found guilty by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(b)(I) The schedule in Subparagraph (I) of Paragraph (a) of this Subsection (3) shall not apply when the provisions of Paragraph (c) of Subsection (4) of this Section prohibit the issuance of a penalty assessment notice for a violation of the aforesaid traffic violation.

(II) The schedules in Subparagraph (II) and Subparagraph (III) of Paragraph (a) of Subsection (3) shall apply whether the violator is issued a penalty assessment notice or a summons and complaint.

(4)(a) At the time any person is arrested for commission of any traffic offenses set forth in this Code, the arresting officer may, except when the provisions of Paragraph (c) of this Subsection (4) prohibit it, offer to give a penalty assessment notice to the Defendant. At any time that a person is charged with a commission of any traffic infraction, the officer shall, except when the provisions of Paragraph (c) of this Subsection (4) prohibit it, give a penalty assessment notice to the Defendant. Such penalty assessment notice shall contain all the information required by Section 1707(3) or Section 1709, whichever is applicable. The fine or penalty specified in the Common Code for the violation charged may be paid at the office of the Clerk of the Municipal Court, either in person or by postmarking such payment within ten (10) days from the date the penalty assessment notice is served upon the Defendant. The Clerk may accept late payment of any penalty assessment up to twenty (20)

days after such payment becomes due. In the case of an offense other than a traffic infraction, a Defendant who otherwise would be eligible to be issued a penalty assessment notice but who does not furnish satisfactory evidence of identity or who the arresting officer has reasonable and probable grounds to believe will disregard the summons portion of any such notice may be issued a penalty assessment notice if the Defendant consents to be taken by the officer to the nearest mailbox and to mail the amount of the fine or penalty thereon to the Clerk. The officer shall advise the person arrested or cited of the points to be assessed in accordance with C.R.S. § 42-2-127. Acceptance of a penalty assessment notice and payment of the prescribed fine or penalty thereon to the Clerk shall be deemed a complete satisfaction for the violation, and the Defendant shall be given a receipt which so states when such fine or penalty thereon is paid in currency or other form of legal tender within the time limits prescribed herein. A check tendered by the Defendant to and accepted by the Clerk and on which payment is received by the City shall be deemed sufficient receipt. If the person who receives the penalty assessment notice pays the fine and any surcharge for the violation on or before the date the payment is due, the points assessed for the violation shall be reduced as follows:

- (I) For a violation having an assessment of three or more points, the points shall be reduced by two points;
- (II) For a violation having an assessment of two points, the points shall be reduced by one point.

Any person who pays the fine specified and who thereby is eligible for an automatic point reduction shall be assessed a \$10.00 administrative surcharge, in addition to the fine imposed.

(b) In the case of an offense other than a traffic infraction, should the Defendant refuse to accept service of the penalty assessment notice when such notice is tendered, the officer shall proceed in accordance with Section 1705 or Section 1707. Should the Defendant charged with an offense other than a traffic infraction accept service of the penalty assessment notice but fail to post the prescribed penalty thereon within ten (10) days thereafter, the notice shall be construed to be a summons and complaint unless payment for such penalty assessment has been accepted by the Clerk as evidenced by receipt. Should the Defendant charged with a traffic infraction accept the notice but fail to post the prescribed penalty thereon within ten (10) days thereafter and should the Clerk not accept payment for such penalty as evidenced by receipt, the Defendant shall be allowed to pay such penalty thereon and the docket fee to the Clerk of the Court referred to in the summons portion of the penalty assessment notice during the two (2) business days prior to the time for appearance as specified in the notice. If the penalty for a traffic offense is not timely paid, the case shall thereafter be heard in the Municipal Court.

(c)(I) The penalty schedules of Subsection (3) of this Section and the penalty assessment notice provisions of Paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Section (4) shall not apply to violations constituting traffic offenses not specified in C.R.S. §42-4-1701(4), nor shall they apply to the violations constituting traffic offenses or traffic infractions as specified in said Subsection (4), in any of the following cases:

(A) In a violation of Section 1101(2), the Defendant exceeded the maximum lawful speed limit by more than twenty-four (24) miles per hour;

(B) In a violation of Section 1101(1), the Defendant exceeded the reasonable and prudent speed under the conditions then existing by more than twenty-four (24) miles per hour;

(C) The alleged violation has caused or contributed to the cause of an accident resulting in appreciable damage to property of another or in injury or death to any person;

(D) Reckless Driving;

(E) Exhibition of Speed or Speed Contest;

(F) No Proof of Insurance;

(G) Eluding a Police Officer;

(H) Failed to Stop for School Bus.

(II) In all cases where this Paragraph (c) prohibits the issuance of a penalty assessment notice, the penalty schedule contained in the Common Code shall be inapplicable. In all cases where the penalty schedule is inapplicable, the provisions of Subsection (2) of this Section shall apply.

(d) In addition to any other cases governed by this Section, the penalty schedule contained in the Common Code shall apply in all cases in which an officer was authorized by the provisions of this subsection (4) to offer a penalty assessment notice for the commission of a traffic offense but such officer chose not to offer such penalty assessment notice.

(5) The penalties and surcharges imposed for speeding violations under Part 11 of the *Model Traffic Code* are doubled if the speeding violation occurs within a maintenance, repair or construction zone that is so designated by the Colorado Department of Transportation or by the Fort Morgan Street Department pursuant to the requirements of C.R.S. § 42-4-614.

(6) The penalty and surcharge imposed for any moving traffic violation under the *Model Traffic Code* is doubled if the violation occurs within a school zone so designated pursuant to C.R.S. § 42-4-615.

(7) An officer coming upon an unattended vehicle which is in apparent violation of any provision of this Code may place upon the vehicle a penalty assessment notice indicating the offense or infraction and directing the owner or operator of the vehicle to remit the penalty assessment provided for in the penalty schedule of the Common Code to the Clerk of the Municipal Court within ten (10) days. If the penalty assessment is not paid within ten (10) days of the issuance of the notice, the Clerk shall mail a notice to the registered owner of the vehicle, setting forth the offense or infraction and the time and place where it occurred and directing payment of the penalty assessment within twenty (20) days from the issuance of the notice. If the

penalty assessment is not paid within such twenty (20) days from the date of mailing of such notice, and the violator fails to appear on the return date on the penalty assessment notice, judgment shall be entered against the registered owner of the vehicle.

(8) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (b) of Subsection (4) of this Section, receipt of payment by mail by the Clerk or postmarking such payment on or prior to the tenth day after the receipt of the penalty assessment notice by the Defendant shall be deemed to constitute receipt on or before the payment was due.

Sec. 18-1-105. Application.

This Ordinance shall apply to every street, alley, sidewalk area, driveway, park, and to every other public way or public place or public parking area, either within or outside the corporate limits of this municipality, the use of which this municipality has jurisdiction and authority to regulate. The provisions of Sections 236, 1211, 1401, 1402, 1409(3) and 1413 of the Code, respectively concerning child restraint systems, safety belt systems, reckless driving, careless driving, compulsory insurance, and eluding a police officer shall apply not only to public places and ways but also throughout this municipality. In addition, any provisions of the Model Traffic Code specifically made applicable to public property or private property shall apply throughout this municipality.

Section 3. Validity. If any part or parts of this Ordinance are for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. The City Council hereby declares that it would have passed this Ordinance and each part hereof irrespective of the fact that any one part or parts be declared invalid.

Section 4. Repeal. All or parts of Ordinances covering the same matters as embraced in this Ordinance are hereby repealed (including without limitation Ordinance Nos. 1007 and 1018 adopting and amending by reference the 2003 Model Traffic Code and related schedules, and all ordinances amending or supplementing the foregoing). Section 18-1 through Section 18-6 and Section 20-4 and Section 20-22 of the *Fort Morgan Municipal Code* (1994), and all Ordinances or parts of Ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed, except that this repeal shall not affect or prevent the prosecution or punishment of any person for any act done or committed in violation of any Ordinance hereby repealed prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.

Section 5. Interpretation. This Ordinance shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general purpose to conform with the State's uniform system for the regulation of vehicles and traffic. Article and section headings of the Ordinance and adopted Model Traffic Code shall not be deemed to govern, limit, modify or in any manner affect the scope, meaning or extent of the provisions of any Article or Section thereof.

Section 6. Certification. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this Ordinance and make not less than three copies of the adopted Code available for inspection by the public during regular business hours.

Section 7. Severability. In the event any part of this Ordinance is found to be unenforceable by a Court of competent jurisdiction, it shall not affect the enforceability of the other portions of the Ordinance or Statute.

Section 8. Safety Clause and Effective date. The City Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that this ordinance is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety. This 2010 *Model Traffic Code* shall be effective as to all violations of the *Code* committed five (5) days after final publication.

READ, PASSED ON FIRST READING AND ORDERED PUBLISHED the 1st day of June, 2010.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

ATTEST:

/s/ Terry McAlister, Mayor

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED ON FINAL READING AND ORDERED PUBLISHED the 15th day of June, 2010.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY
OF FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

ATTEST:

/s/ Terry McAlister, Mayor

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

STATE OF COLORADO)
COUNTY OF MORGAN)
CITY OF FORT MORGAN)

CERTIFICATE

I, Andrea Strand, the duly appointed, qualified and acting Clerk of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, do hereby certify and attest that the foregoing ORDINANCE NO. 1104 was, as a proposed Ordinance duly and legally presented to the City Council of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, at a regular meeting on the 1st day of June, 2010. Said Ordinance, as proposed, was duly read at length at said regular meeting, and thereafter the same was, on the 4th day of June, 2010, published in the *Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado. Said proposed Ordinance was again taken up and read a second time, duly and legally passed, approved and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council held on the 15th day of June, 2010. Within five (5) days after its final passage, said Ordinance was published in the *Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado.

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

- D. Second and Final Reading of Ordinance No. 1105 entitled, "Revisions to Chapter 20 of the Fort Morgan Municipal Code, regarding Criminal Offenses and request to publish by title only.

ORDINANCE NO. 1105

AN ORDINANCE REPEALING IN ITS ENTIRETY THE EXISTING CHAPTER 20, "OFFENSES; MISCELLANEOUS" AND ADOPTING NEW CHAPTER 20, "OFFENSES; MISCELLANEOUS" CODE OF THE CITY OF FORT MORGAN, (1994)

WHEREAS, this Ordinance is intended to repeal and restate Chapter 20 of the Fort Morgan Municipal Code, (1994)

THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF FORT MORGAN,
Section 1. Chapter 20, "Offenses; Miscellaneous" is hereby repealed in its entirety.
Section 2. New Chapter 20, "Offenses; Miscellaneous" is hereby added to the *Code of the City of Fort Morgan*, (1994), as follows:

CHAPTER 20
OFFENSES; MISCELLANEOUS

Article 1 General Provisions

Sec. 20-1-101 General definitions
Sec. 20-1-102 Sentencing

Article 2 Offenses Against People

Division 1

General Offenses

Sec. 20-2-101 Definitions
Sec. 20-2-102 Assault battery
Sec. 20-2-103 Disorderly conduct
Sec. 20-2-104 Harassment

Division 2

Offenses Involving Intimate Relationships And Protected Persons

Sec. 20-2-201 Domestic violence
Sec. 20-2-202 Restraining order

Article 3 Offenses Against Property

Sec. 20-3-101 Defacing property
Sec. 20-3-102 Eradication of graffiti
Sec. 20-3-103 Advertising on public property
Sec. 20-3-104 Theft
Sec. 20-3-105 Theft by lessee
Sec. 20-3-106 Interfering or tampering with a utility meter
Sec. 20-3-107 Trespass

Article 4 Offenses Involving Minors Or Underage Persons

Sec. 20-4-101 Minor defined
Sec. 20-4-102 Curfew imposed on certain minors

- Sec. 20-4-103 Curfew responsibility of parents
- Sec. 20-4-104 Illegal possession or use of tobacco products by a minor
- Sec. 20-4-105 Illegal sale or procurement of tobacco products to a minor
- Sec. 20-4-106 Illegal possession or consumption of alcohol by an underage person
- Sec. 20-4-107 Illegal sale or procurement of alcohol of an underage person
- Sec. 20-4-108 Parents and guardians of minors responsible for court appearances and compliance with orders of municipal court

Article 5 Offenses Involving Public Authorities

- Sec. 20-5-101 False reporting to authorities
- Sec. 20-5-102 Resisting arrest
- Sec. 20-5-103 Obstructing police

Article 6 Offenses Involving The Public

Division 1

Offense Involving Drugs And Alcohol

- Sec. 20-6-101 Definitions
- Sec. 20-6-102 Possession of marijuana
- Sec. 20-6-103 Possession, sale, or promotion of paraphernalia
- Sec. 20-6-104 Intoxication
- Sec. 20-6-105 Open containers of alcoholic beverages

Division 2

Offenses Involving Dangerous Weapons

- Sec. 20-6-201 Discharge of or use of firearms or dangerous weapons
- Sec. 20-6-202 Selling weapons to intoxicated persons
- Sec. 20-6-203 Shooting throwing stones or missiles

Division 3

Offense Against The Public

- Sec. 20-6-301 Excreting in public places
- Sec. 20-6-302 Indecent exposure.
- Sec. 20-6-303 Noise
- Sec. 20-6-304 Fireworks
- Sec. 20-6-305 Flying model airplane prohibited
- Sec. 20-6-306 Riding skateboards
- Sec. 20-6-307 Garage sales
- Sec. 20-6-308 Auction sales
- Sec. 20-6-309 Loitering
- Sec. 20-6-3010

Article 1

General Provisions

Sec. 20-1-101 General definitions.

(1) "Act" means a bodily movement, and includes words and possession of property.

(2) "Intentionally" or "with intent". All offenses defined in this code in which the mental culpability requirement is expressed as "intentionally" or "with intent" are declared to be specific intent offenses. A person acts "intentionally" or "with intent" when his conscious objective is to cause the specific result proscribed by the statute defining the offense. It is immaterial to the issue of specific intent whether or not the result actually occurred.

(3) "Knowingly" or "willfully". All offenses defined in this code in which the mental culpability requirement is expressed as "knowingly" or "willfully" are declared to be general intent crimes. A person acts "knowingly" or "willfully" with respect to conduct or to a circumstance described by a statute defining an offense when he is aware that his conduct is of such nature or that such circumstance exists. A person acts "knowingly" or "willfully", with respect to a result of his conduct, when he is aware that his conduct is practically certain to cause the result.

(4) "Recklessly" a person acts recklessly when he consciously disregards a substantial and unjustifiable risk that a result will occur or that a circumstance exists.

Sec. 20-1-102 Sentencing.

(1) Unless otherwise indicated, all violations under this chapter shall be punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) and not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00)

(2) Unless otherwise indicated when a violation under this chapter is punishable by imprisonment in jail, the term of imprisonment shall not exceed one (1) year.

Article 2

Crimes Against People

Division 1

General Offenses

Sec. 20-2-101 Definitions.

As used in this part 1, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Obscene" means a blatantly offensive description of ultimate sexual acts or solicitation to commit ultimate sexual acts, whether or not said ultimate sexual acts are normal or perverted, actual or simulated, including masturbation, cunnilingus, fellatio, anilingus or excretory functions.

(2) "Repeated" or "repeatedly" means on more than one occasion.

Sec. 20-2-102 Assault and Battery.

Any person who shall willfully or recklessly uses physical force against another person in a violent or angry manner shall be deemed guilty of the crime of assault and battery a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine or by imprisonment, or by both

such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 20-2-103 Disorderly conduct.

(1) A person commits disorderly conduct if he or she intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly:

(a) makes a coarse and obviously offensive utterance, gesture, or display in a public place and the utterance, gesture, or display tends to incite an immediate breach of the peace; or

(b) fights with another in a public place except in an amateur or professional contest of athletic skill; or

(c) not being a peace officer, discharges a firearm in a public place in a manner calculated to alarm another person; or

(d) not being a peace officer, displays a deadly weapon, displays any article used or fashioned in a manner to cause a person to reasonably believe that the article is a deadly weapon, or represents verbally or otherwise that he or she is armed with a deadly weapon in a public place in a manner calculated to alarm.

(2) A person found guilty of the crime of disorderly conduct, under paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1), a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

(3) A person found guilty of disorderly conduct, under paragraph (c) or subsection (d) of subsection (1), a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine or by imprisonment, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 20-2-104 Harassment.

(1) A person commits harassment if, with intent to harass, annoy or alarm another person, he or she:

(a) strikes, shoves, kicks or otherwise touches a person or subjects him or her to physical contact; or

(b) in a public place directs obscene language or makes an obscene gesture to or at another person; or

(c) follows a person in or about a public place; or

(d) initiates communication with a person, anonymously or otherwise, by telephone, computer, computer network, or computer system in a manner intended to harass or threaten bodily injury or property damage, or makes any comment, request, suggestion or proposal by telephone which is obscene; or

(e) makes a telephone call or causes a telephone to ring repeatedly, whether or not a conversation ensues, with no purpose of legitimate conversation; or

(g) makes repeated communications at inconvenient hours that invade the privacy of another and interfere in the use and enjoyment of another's home or private residence or other private property; or

(h) repeatedly insults, taunts or challenges another in a manner likely to provoke a

violent or disorderly response.

(2) Any act prohibited by subparagraph (1)(d)(e) or (g) of this section may be deemed to have occurred or to have been committed at the place at which the telephone call, electronic mail, or other electronic communication was either made or received.

(3) A person found guilty of harassment, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Division 2

Offenses Involving Intimate Relationships And Protected Persons

Sec. 20-2-201 Domestic Violence.

(1) Definitions.

(a) *Domestic violence* means an act or threatened act of violence upon a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship. *Domestic violence* also includes any municipal ordinance violation against a person or against property, when used as a method of coercion, control, punishment, intimidation or revenge directed against a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship.

(b) *Intimate relationship* means a relationship between spouses, former spouses, past or present unmarried couples or persons who are both the parents of the same child regardless of whether the persons have been married or have lived together at any time.

(2) Designation. Any person completing or preparing a summons, complaint, summons and complaint or application for an arrest warrant shall indicate on the face of such document whether the facts forming the basis of the alleged criminal act, if proven, could constitute domestic violence as defined in Subsection (1)(a) or (b) above.

(3) Sentencing.

(a) In addition to any sentence which is imposed upon a person for violation of any criminal ordinance under this Code, any person who is convicted of any ordinance violation, the underlying factual basis of which has been found by the Court on the record to include an act of domestic violence, shall be ordered to complete a treatment program which is certified in accordance with Section 18-6-802, C.R.S. If an intake evaluation conducted by a certified treatment program provider discloses that sentencing to a treatment program would be inappropriate, the person shall be referred back to the Court for alternative disposition.

(b) The Court may order an evaluation to be conducted prior to sentencing if an evaluation would assist the Court in determining an appropriate sentence. The person ordered to undergo such evaluation shall be required to pay the cost of the evaluation. If such evaluation recommends treatment, and if the Court so finds, the person shall be ordered to complete a treatment program which is certified in accordance with Section 18-6-802, C.R.S.

(c) Nothing in this Subsection (c) shall preclude the Court from ordering domestic violence treatment in any appropriate case.

(4) Plea agreements.

(a) A person charged with the commission of a crime, the underlying factual basis of which includes an act of domestic violence, shall not be entitled to plead guilty or plead nolo contendere to an offense which does not include the domestic violence designation required in Sections 16-21-103 and 105, C.R.S., unless the prosecuting attorney makes a good faith representation on the record that such attorney would not be able to establish a prima facie case that the person and the alleged victim were currently or formerly involved in an intimate relationship if the defendant were brought to trial on the original domestic violence offense and upon such a finding by the Court. The prosecuting attorney's record and the Court's findings shall specify the relationship in the alleged domestic violence case which the prosecuting attorney is not able to prove beyond a reasonable doubt and the reasons therefor. The Court shall not accept a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to an offense which does not include the domestic violence designation required in Section 16-21-103, C.R.S., when the facts of the case indicate that the underlying factual basis includes an act of domestic violence as defined above unless there is a good faith representation by the prosecuting attorney that he or she would be unable to establish a prima facie case if the defendant were brought to trial on the original offense.

(b) No person accused or convicted of a crime, the underlying factual basis of which has been found by the Court on the record to include an act of domestic violence, shall be eligible for deferred prosecution pursuant to Section 16-7-401, C.R.S. Nothing in this Subsection (4) is intended to prohibit the Court from ordering a deferred judgment and sentence for a person accused or convicted of a crime, the underlying factual basis of which has been found by the Court on the record to include an act of domestic violence.

Sec. 20-2-202 Restraining Orders and Violations.

(1) As used in this Section:

Protected person means the person or persons identified in the restraining order as the person or persons for whose benefit the restraining order was issued.

Registry means the computerized information system created in Section 18-6-803.7, C.R.S., or the national crime information center created pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 534.

Restrained person means the person identified in the order as the person prohibited from doing the specified act or acts.

Restraining order means any order that prohibits the restrained person from contacting, harassing, injuring, intimidating, molesting, threatening or touching any person, or from entering or remaining on premises, or from coming within a specified distance of a protected person or premises, that is issued by the Municipal Court as part of the proceedings concerning a criminal municipal ordinance violation, or any other order of the Court that prohibits a person from contacting, harassing, injuring, intimidating, molesting, threatening or touching any person, or from entering or remaining on premises, or from coming within a specified distance of a protected person or premises. For purposes of this Section only, *restraining order* includes any order that amends, modifies, supplements or supersedes the initial restraining order.

Shelter means a battered women's shelter, a friend's or family member's home or such other safe haven as may be designated by the alleged victim and which is within a reasonable distance from the location at which the peace officer found the victim.

(2) A person commits the crime of violation of a restraining order if such person contacts, harasses, injures, intimidates, molests, threatens or touches any protected person or enters or remains on premises or comes within a specified distance of a protected person or premises and such conduct is prohibited by a restraining order after such person has been personally served with any such order or otherwise has acquired from the Court actual knowledge of the contents of any such order.

(3) Sentencing.

(a) A person found guilty of a violation of a restraining order, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine or by imprisonment, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(b) Any sentence imposed for a violation of this section shall run consecutively and not concurrently with any sentence imposed for any crime which gave rise to the issuing of the restraining order.

(4) Process and enforcement.

(a) Whenever a restraining order is issued, the protected person shall be provided with a copy of such order. A peace officer shall use every reasonable means to enforce a restraining order.

(b) A peace officer arresting a person for violating a restraining order or otherwise enforcing a restraining order shall not be held criminally or civilly liable for such arrest or enforcement unless the peace officer acts in bad faith and with malice or does not act in compliance with rules adopted by the Colorado Supreme Court.

(c) A peace officer is authorized to use every reasonable means to protect the alleged victim or the alleged victim's children to prevent further violence. Such peace officer may transport, or obtain transportation for, the alleged victim to shelter. Upon the request of a protected person, the peace officer may also transport the minor child of the protected person, who is not an emancipated minor, to the same shelter if such shelter is willing to accept the child, whether or not there is a custody order or an order allocating parental responsibilities with respect to such child or an order for the care and control of the child and whether or not the other parent objects. A peace officer who transports a minor child over the objection of the other parent shall not be held liable for any damages that may result from interference with the custody, parental responsibilities, care and control of or access to a minor child in complying with this Subsection (4)(c).

Article 3

Crimes Against Property

Sec. 20-3-101 Defacing Property.

(1) Any person who defaces or causes, aids in or permits the defacing of public or private property without the consent of the owner by any method of defacement including, but not limited to, painting, drawing, writing or otherwise marring the surface of the property by use of paint, spray paint, ink or any other substance or object commits a misdemeanor a crime.

(2) Any person convicted of defacing property pursuant to this Section shall be ordered by the court to personally make repairs to any property damaged, or properties similarly damaged, if possible, or to make restitution for the same.

(3) A person convicted of defacing property shall be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-3-102 Eradication of Graffiti.

(1) Legislative intent. The City Council finds and declares that the unauthorized inscription, word, figure or other defacement that is written, marked, etched, scratched, sprayed, drawn, painted, engraved on or otherwise affixed to any surface of public or private property by any graffiti implement, to the extent that the graffiti was not authorized in advance by the owner or occupant of the property, or, despite advance authorization, is otherwise deemed a public nuisance by the City.

(2) Definitions. The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this Section, shall have the meanings as set forth, except where the context clearly indicates an alternative meaning:

Agent means an individual or entity that is authorized by a business or property owner to act on his or her behalf with regard to the business property.

Deface means to mar the external appearance or injure, impair or destroy by effacing significant details of something by removing, distorting, addition to or covering all or a part thereof.

Graffiti means the unauthorized inscription, word, sign, symbol, marking, design, figure or other defacement that is written, marked, etched, scratched, sprayed, drawn, painted, engraved on or otherwise affixed to any surface of public or private property, including but not limited to buildings, structures, fixtures, sidewalks or other improvements, whether permanent or temporary, by any graffiti implement, and which is visible from the City's public right-of-way, to the extent that the graffiti was not authorized in advance by the owner or occupant of the property, or, despite advance authorization, is otherwise deemed a public nuisance by the City Council.

Graffiti implement means an aerosol paint container, paint, a broad-tipped marker, gum label, paint stick or graffiti stick, etching equipment, brush or any other device capable of scarring or leaving a visible mark on any natural or man-made surface.

Owner or property owner means any person holding legal title to any property, real or personal, located within the City boundaries.

Property means any structure, building, premises, business, vacant lot, single-family dwelling, multi-family dwelling or any other real or personal property located within the City.

Service means notification by posting upon the property, personal service or delivery by registered, certified and/or first-class letter. The date the notice is posted or the letter is deposited in the mail shall constitute the date of service.

Tenant means any person leasing, renting, using or in any other way occupying the property of another for any term with his or her assent, express or implied.

(3) Prohibited acts.

(a) Defacement. It shall be unlawful for any person to apply graffiti to any natural or man-made surface on any City-owned property or, without the permission of the owner or occupant, on any non-City-owned property.

(b) Possession of graffiti implements.

(I) It shall be unlawful for any person to possess any graffiti implement while on any school property, grounds, facilities, buildings or structures, or in areas immediately adjacent to those specific locations upon public property, or upon private property without the prior written consent of the owner or occupant of such private property. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the possession of broad-tipped markers by a minor attending or traveling to or from a school at which the minor is enrolled, if the minor is participating in a class at the school that formally requires the possession of broad-tipped markers. The burden of proof in any prosecution for violation of this Section shall be upon the minor student to establish the need to possess a broad-tipped marker.

(II) It shall be unlawful for any person to possess any graffiti implement while in or upon any public facility, park, playground, swimming pool, recreational facility or other public building or structure owned or operated by the City or while in or within fifty (50) feet of an underpass, bridge abutment, storm drain or similar types of infrastructure unless otherwise authorized by the City.

(4) Signage of graffiti implements.

(a) Signage required. Every person who operates a retail commercial establishment selling graffiti implements shall place a sign in clear public view at or near the display of such products stating:

"Graffiti is against the law. Any person who defaces real or personal property, with paint or any other liquid or device, is guilty of a crime punishable by imprisonment of up to thirty (30) days and/or a fine up to one thousand dollars (\$1000.00) for each offense."

(b) Notification of this requirement shall be given to all businesses by the City Clerk.

(5) Penalties.

(a) Fines and imprisonment. Any person violating this Section shall be punished by a fine, by imprisonment for a term not to exceed thirty (30) days, or by both fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the Municipal Court.

(I) In the case of a minor, the parents or legal guardian shall be jointly and severally liable with the minor for payment of all fines.

(II) Failure of the parents or legal guardian to make payment will result in either a contempt citation enforceable by the Municipal Court or the filing of a lien on the parents' or legal guardian's property that includes the fine and administrative costs.

(b) Restitution. In addition to any punishment specified in this Section, the Municipal Court shall order any violator to make restitution to the victim for damages or loss caused directly or indirectly by the violator's offense in the amount or manner determined by the Municipal Court. In the case of a minor, the parents or legal guardian shall be ordered jointly and severally liable with the minor to make the restitution.

(c) Community service. In lieu of, or as part of the penalties specified in this Section, the Municipal Court may order a minor or adult to perform community service which may include the following minimum requirements:

(I) The minor or adult shall perform at least fifteen (15) hours of community service.

(II) At least one (1) parent or guardian of the minor shall be in attendance a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the period of assigned community service.

(III) Reasonable effort shall be made to assign the minor or adult to a type of community service that is reasonably expected to have the most rehabilitative effect on the minor or adult, including community service that involves graffiti removal. If the offender is required to remove graffiti as part of the community service requirement, he or she shall purchase all materials necessary to remove or cover the graffiti. Said materials shall be approved by the public entity or private party for which the removal or cover is being provided.

(d) Any person who pleads or is otherwise found guilty of violating the provisions of this Section or is in violation of, Section 12-3-102 "Defacing property," of this Article 3 shall pay a fifty-dollar graffiti abatement surcharge in addition to any other fine, cost or surcharge. Funds accumulated under the graffiti abatement surcharge shall be used by the City to remove graffiti from public and private property as authorized by the City Manager or his or her designee.

(6) Graffiti as nuisance.

(a) The existence of graffiti on public or private property in violation of this Section is expressly declared to be a public nuisance and, therefore, is subject to the removal and abatement provisions specified in this Section.

(b) It is the duty of both the owner of the property to which the graffiti has been applied and any person who may be in possession or who has the right to possess such property to, at all times, keep the property clear of graffiti.

(7) Removal or covering of graffiti.

(a) Property owner/tenant responsibility. If graffiti is not removed by the perpetrator as set forth in Subparagraph (4) (b) above, graffiti shall be removed pursuant to the following provisions: (I) It is unlawful for any person who is the owner or who has primary responsibility for control of property or for repair or maintenance of property in the City to permit property that is defaced with graffiti to remain defaced for a period of ten (10) days after receipt of notice of the defacement.

(II) Such notice shall be made as defined in Subsection of this Section. The notice shall contain the following information:

(A) The street address and legal description of the property sufficient for identification of the property;

(B) A statement that the property is a potential graffiti nuisance property with a concise description of the conditions leading to the finding;

(C) A statement that the graffiti must be removed within ten (10) days after receipt of the notice. The existence of graffiti on any property after ten (10) days shall be presumed a public nuisance;

(D) A statement indicating that, if additional time is necessary to clean the property, the responsible person must contact the Police Department; and

(E) A statement that failure to clean the identified property nuisance will establish a basis for the City to enter in and upon the property to abate the nuisance by any necessary means.

(b) Right of City to remove.

(I) Use of public funds. Whenever the City becomes aware or is notified and determines that graffiti is located on publicly or privately owned property, the City Manager or his or her designee shall be authorized to use public funds for the removal of the graffiti, or for the painting or repairing of the graffiti, but shall not authorize or undertake to provide for the painting or repair of any more extensive an area than that where the graffiti is located.

(II) Right of entry on private property. If the property owner or responsible party fails to remove the offending graffiti within the time specified by this Section, or if the City has requested consent to remove or paint over the offending graffiti and the property owner or responsible party has refused consent for entry on terms acceptable to the City and consistent with the terms of this Paragraph, the City shall have the right to enter upon any property in the City and abate the graffiti nuisance by whatever reasonable means are available to the City, as determined by the City Manager or his or her designee.

Sec. 20-3-103 Advertising on Public Property.

(1) Except for advertising in and upon public use facilities and equipment done under special permit issued by the City Council pursuant to Article VII, Section 16 of the City Charter, it shall be unlawful for any person to paint or print upon or in any manner place or affix to any sidewalk, curb, pavement, street or alley or upon any electric light, standard or poles, or other wiring, pole or poles, or on any tree, public building or property, any letter, character or device stating, referring to or advertising or intending to state, refer to or advertise, the sale or manufacture of any article, goods or property, profession, business, exhibition, amusement or place of amusement or other thing.

(2) The commission of any act or acts prohibited in this Section is hereby declared a nuisance and the City, through its Police Department, shall have the right immediately, upon the commission of any such act, to summarily abate such nuisance by removing and effacing, or causing to be removed and effaced, any such letters, characters, or devices placed or painted as aforesaid upon any street, alley, pavement, curb, electric light standard or pole, public building or property.

(3) Any person found guilty of violating the terms of this Section shall be punished by a fine not to exceed three hundred dollars (\$300.00). Each day of the existence of any violation shall be deemed a separate offense.

(4) Any person convicted of advertising on public property pursuant to this section may be ordered by the court, in addition to any fine, to make restitution. The City shall, in addition to the penalty herein specified, have a right to bring an action at law against the person guilty of such a violation, for the amount of the expenses incident to effacing and removing such advertising matter, together with the costs and expenses incident to such action.

Sec. 20-3-104 Theft.

(1) A person commits theft when he or she knowingly obtains or exercises control over a thing of value, which is equal to or less than one thousand (\$1000.00) dollars, of another without authorization, or by threat or deception; and

(a) Intends to deprive the other person permanently of the use or benefit of the thing of value;

(b) Knowingly uses, conceals or abandons the thing of value in such manner as to deprive the other person permanently of its use or benefit;

(c) Uses, conceals or abandons the thing of value intending that such use, concealment or abandonment will deprive the other person permanently of its use and benefit;

(d) Demands any consideration to which he or she is not legally entitled as a condition of returning or restoring the thing of value property to the other person; or

(e) If any person willfully conceals unpurchased goods, wares or merchandise owned or held by and offered or displayed for sale by any store or other mercantile establishment, whether the concealment be on his or her own person or otherwise and whether on or off the premises of said store or mercantile establishment, such concealment constitutes prima facie evidence that the person intended to commit the crime of theft.

(2) Every person who obtains control over any stolen thing of value, knowing the property to have been stolen by another, shall also be guilty of theft and may be tried, convicted and punished therefor whether or not the principal is charged, tried or convicted.

(3) For the purposes of this Section, thing of value is that "of another" if anyone other than the defendant has a possessory or proprietary interest therein.

(4) Any person convicted of a violation of theft, a misdemeanor, shall be punished for each violation by a fine.

Sec. 20-3-105 Theft by Lessee.

(1) A lessee shall be presumed to have committed theft if, having lawfully obtained possession for temporary use of the personal property, which is equal to or less than one thousand (\$1000.00) dollars, of another, which is available only for hire, he or she shall fail to return the same within ten (10) days after actual written notice has been given by or on behalf of the lessor and actually received by the lessee. Such notice shall not be given until after the

expiration of the term of the original lease. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to unlawful occupancy of land or of a building.

(2) For the purposes of this section, thing of value is that "of another" if anyone other than the defendant has a possessory or proprietary interest therein.

(3) any person convicted of theft by lessee, a misdemeanor, shall be punished for each violation by a fine.

Sec. 20-3-106 Interfering or Tampering with a Utility Meter.

(1) Definitions.

Bypassing means the act of attaching, connecting or in any manner affixing any wire, cord, socket, motor, pipe or other instrument, device or contrivance to the utility supply system, or any part thereof, in such a manner as to transmit, supply or use any utility service without passing through an authorized meter or other device provided for measuring, registering, determining or limiting the amount of electricity, gas or water consumed.

Customer means the person responsible for payment for utility service for the premises, and such term includes employees and agents of the customer.

Person means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association, joint-stock association or other legal entity.

Tampering means the act of damaging, altering, adjusting or in any manner interfering with or obstructing the action or operation of any meter or other device provided for measuring, registering, determining or limiting the amount of electricity, gas or water consumed.

Unauthorized metering means the act of removing, moving, installing, connecting, reconnecting or disconnecting a meter or metering device for utility service by a person other than an authorized contractor, employee or agent of such utility.

(2) Violations.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with, tamper with or bypass any meter provided for measuring or registering the quantity of gas, water or electricity passing through said meter without the knowledge and consent of the utility supplying such gas, water or electricity.

(b) If any evidence of interference, tampering or bypassing with any meter or startup of service is found, the utility may terminate service immediately. All costs for gas, water or electricity received and expenses related to terminating services pursuant to this Section, including costs of labor and materials and specified fees, shall be paid by the person responsible for such interference, tampering or bypass.

(3) Presumption.

(a) There is rebuttable presumption that the customer or occupant of any premises where interference, tampering or bypass is proven to exist caused or permitted such

interference, tampering or bypass if the tenant or occupant has access to the part of the utility supply system on the premises where the interference, tampering or bypass is proven to exist and if said customer or occupant was responsible or partially responsible for payment, either directly or indirectly, to the utility or to any other person for utility services provided for the premises.

(b) The presumption provided in this Subsection (4)(a) shall only shift the burden of going forth with evidence and shall in no event shift the burden of proof to the defendant in any action brought pursuant to this Section.

(4) Penalties.

(a) Any person, whether as principal, agent, employee or otherwise, violating the provisions of this Chapter shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine, imprisonment or by both such fine and imprisonment. In addition to any penalties imposed by the Court upon conviction for violation of this Chapter, the Court shall order restitution for the stolen service and the costs to repair or replace the utilities connection.

(b) Each day of any violation shall be deemed a separate offense.

(c) The remedy provided herein shall be cumulative and not exclusive and shall be in addition to any other remedy provided by law, including, without limitation, that of injunction, abatement or any other appropriate action to prevent, enjoin, abate or remove any condition or facilities or equipment constituting the violation.

Sec. 20-3-107 Trespass.

(1) It is an offense for any person to unlawfully enter or remain in or upon any real property or any building or other improvements upon real property, whether or not the same are enclosed in a manner designed to exclude intruders or are fenced.

(2) It is unlawful as a trespass, for any person to take down any fence or let down any bars or to open any gate in or on the property of another without the consent of the owner, occupant or person in charge thereof.

(3) Any person convicted of trespass, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Article 4

Minors And Underage Persons

Sec. 20-4-101 Minor Defined.

A minor under the age of eighteen (18) years is defined as any person who shall not yet have attained his or her eighteenth birthday.

Sec. 20-4-102 Curfew Imposed on Certain Minors.

(1) It shall be unlawful for any minor under the age of eighteen (18) years of age to loiter, idle, wander, drive, ride, stroll or play in or upon the public streets, highways, roads, alleys,

parks, playgrounds or other public grounds, public places and public buildings, places of amusement and entertainment, vacant lots or other unsupervised places after to hour of 11:00 p.m., any day except Friday and Saturday when such time shall be extended to 1:00 a.m. the following day; provided, however, that the provisions of this Section do not apply to a minor accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or other adult person having the care and custody of the minor, or where the minor is upon an emergency errand or legitimate business directed by his or her parent, guardian or other adult person having the care and custody of the minor.

(2) Any minor convicted of a violation of this section shall be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-4-103 Curfew Responsibility of Parents.

(1) It shall be unlawful for the parent, guardian or other adult person having the care and custody of a minor under the age of eighteen (18) years to knowingly permit such minor to loiter, idle, wander, drive, ride, stroll or play in or upon the public streets, highways, road, alleys, parks, playgrounds or other public grounds, public places and public buildings, places of amusement and entertainment, vacant lots or other unsupervised places, after the hours designated in Section 12-4-102; provided, however, that such provisions do not apply when the minor is accompanied by his or her parent, guardian or other adult person having the care and custody of the minor, or where the minor is upon an emergency errand or legitimate business directed by his or her parent, guardian or other adult person having the care and custody of the minor.

(2) Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-4-104 Illegal possession or use of Tobacco Products by a Minor.

(1) Any minor who possesses or uses any tobacco product anywhere in the City commits illegal possession or use of a tobacco product by a minor. Illegal possession or use of a tobacco product by a minor is a strict liability offense.

(2) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

A minor means a person under eighteen (18) years of age.

Possession means that a person has or holds any amount of a tobacco product anywhere on his or her person, or that a person owns or has custody of a tobacco product, or has a tobacco product within his or her immediate presence and control, including presence and control within a motor vehicle which is being driven by such person.

Use means the lighting, chewing and smoking of any tobacco product.

Tobacco product means cigarettes, cigars, cheroots, stogies, periques, granulated, plug cut, crimp cut, ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco, snuff, snuff flour, Cavendish, plug and twist tobacco, fine-cut and other chewing tobaccos, shorts, refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and sweepings of tobacco, and other kinds and forms of tobacco, prepared in such manner as to be suitable for chewing or for smoking in a pipe or otherwise, or both for chewing and smoking.

(3) Prima facie evidence of a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section shall consist of evidence that the defendant was under the age of eighteen (18) years and possessed or used a tobacco product anywhere in the City.

(4) During any trial for a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section, any package or container with labeling indicating the contents of such package or container shall be admissible into evidence, and the information contained on any label on such package or container shall be admissible into evidence and shall not constitute hearsay. A jury or a judge, whichever is appropriate, may consider the information upon such label in determining whether the contents of the package or container were composed in whole or in part of a tobacco product. A label which identifies the contents of any package or container as *cigarettes*, *cigars*, *chewing tobacco* or *smokeless tobacco* shall constitute prima facie evidence that the contents of the package or container were composed in whole or in part of a tobacco product.

(5) Penalties.

(a) Illegal possession or use of a tobacco product by a minor in the City is a petty offense. The Court, upon sentencing a defendant pursuant to this Subsection (a) may, in addition to any fine or penalty imposed pursuant to Subsection (5), order that the defendant perform up to twenty-four (24) hours of useful public service or community service, subject to the conditions and restrictions of Section 18-1.3-507, C.R.S., and may further order that the defendant complete a Tobacco Education Program at the defendant's own expense. If useful public service or community service is ordered, the defendant shall be granted credit against the fine and court costs imposed at the rate of five dollars (\$5.00) for each hour of such service performed.

(b) Any person convicted for the first time of violating this Section shall be punished by a fine of not less than thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) and not more than one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

(c) Any person convicted more than once of violating this Section shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). In the discretion of the Court, upon a second or any subsequent violation of this Section by a minor, the parents or guardians of the minor may also be fined in an amount not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).

(d) Whenever the Court requires that a person complete any amount of useful public service or community service pursuant to Subsection (a) of this Section, the Court shall also impose upon that person, in addition to any other fine, cost or penalty, a public service fee in an amount approved by the Court.

(5) Upon the expiration of one (1) year from the date of a conviction for a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section, any person convicted of such violation may petition the Municipal Court in which the conviction was entered for an order sealing the record of such conviction. The Court shall grant such petition if the petitioner has not been arrested for, charged with or convicted of any felony, misdemeanor or petty offense during the period of one (1) year following the date of such petitioner's conviction for a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section.

Sec. 20-4-105 Unlawful Sale to or Procurement of Tobacco Products to a Minor.

(1) It is unlawful for any person, eighteen (18) years of age or older, to assist a minor in obtaining tobacco by buying for, transferring, delivering or selling to such minor any tobacco product. This is a strict liability offense.

(2) Any person found guilty of the unlawful sale to or procurement of tobacco products to a

minor, a misdemeanor offense, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-4-106 Parents and Guardians of Minors Responsible for Court Appearances and Compliance with Orders of Municipal Court.

(1) When a summons, complaint or other Municipal Court order of any type is issued to any person under the age of eighteen (18) years, then notice of the issuance of the summons, complaint or other order shall be provided to the parent or guardian of the minor by personal service or by mailing a notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, at least ten (10) days prior to the scheduled court appearance. The notice shall include the alleged violation, date of violation and the date, time and place of the scheduled court appearance, and shall provide notice that the parent or guardian is required to appear in Municipal Court on the specified date and time with the minor. The parent or guardian of any minor who is required to appear in Municipal Court shall have the duty to make sure and see to it that the minor appears as ordered, and it shall be unlawful for any parent or guardian to fail to appear at each and every court appearance with the minor. The Municipal Judge, in addition to any other penalty, may issue a warrant for the arrest of any parent, guardian or minor who fails to appear as provided herein or may find the parent or guardian guilty of contempt of court, if notice has been given to the parent or guardian by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt requested.

(2) When a minor, as a result of the violation of any section of this Code, is sentenced or otherwise ordered by the Municipal Judge to pay a fine, court costs, restitution or any other fee or cost, is sentenced or otherwise ordered to perform useful public service (UPS), attend counseling, attend classes or perform any other action, then the parent or guardian of the minor shall be jointly responsible for payment of any amounts ordered to be paid and shall have a duty to make sure and see to it that the minor defendant performs any ordered useful public service (UPS) or other action, and the failure of any parent or guardian to make sure and see to it that the minor defendant complies with any order of the Municipal Court shall be a separate offense for which a summons and complaint may be issued, or which may be punishable as contempt of court.

(3) The provisions of this Section 12-3-106 shall not be applicable to any parent or guardian who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Municipal Judge that the minor defendant is emancipated, which shall mean any minor who is over the age of sixteen (16) and under the age of eighteen (18) years old and who does not reside with the parent or guardian and who is solely responsible for his or her own support, or who is married or who is in the military service of the United States.

Sec. 20-4-107 Illegal Possession or Consumption of Alcohol by an Underage Person.

(1) Any person under twenty-one (21) years of age underage person who possesses or consumes ethyl alcohol anywhere in the City commits illegal possession or consumption of ethyl alcohol by an underage person. Illegal possession or consumption of ethyl alcohol by an underage person is a strict liability offense.

(2) Upon sentencing a defendant pursuant to this Subsection (2), the Court may, in addition to any fine or penalty imposed , order that the defendant perform up to twenty-four (24) hours of useful public service, subject to the conditions and restrictions of Section 18-1.3-507, C.R.S., and may further order that the defendant submit to and complete an alcohol evaluation or assessment, an alcohol education program or an alcohol treatment program at such defendant's own expense.

(3) It shall be an affirmative defense to the offense described in Subsection (1) of this Section that the ethyl alcohol was possessed or consumed by a person under twenty-one (21) years of age under the following circumstances:

(a) While such person was legally upon private property with the knowledge and consent of the owner or legal possessor of such private property and the ethyl alcohol was possessed or consumed with the consent of his or her parent or legal guardian who was present during such possession or consumption; or

(b) When the existence of ethyl alcohol in a person's body was due solely to the ingestion of a confectionery which contained ethyl alcohol within the limits prescribed by Section 25-5-410(1)(i)(II), C.R.S.; or the ingestion of any substance which was manufactured, designed or intended primarily for a purpose other than oral human ingestion; or the ingestion of any substance which was manufactured, designed or intended solely for medicinal or hygienic purposes; or solely from the ingestion of a beverage which contained less than one-half of one percent (.5%) of ethyl alcohol by weight.

(4) The possession or consumption of ethyl alcohol shall not constitute a violation of this Section if such possession or consumption takes place for religious purposes protected by the first amendment to the United States Constitution.

(5) Prima facie evidence of a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section shall consist of:

(a) Evidence that the defendant was under the age of twenty-one (21) years and possessed or consumed ethyl alcohol anywhere in the City; or

(b) Evidence that the defendant was under the age of twenty-one (21) years and manifested any of the characteristics commonly associated with ethyl alcohol intoxication or impairment while present anywhere in the City.

(6) During any trial for a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section, any bottle, can or any other container with labeling indicating the contents of such bottle, can or container shall be admissible into evidence, and the information contained on any label on such bottle, can or other container shall be admissible into evidence and shall not constitute hearsay. A jury or a judge, whichever is appropriate, may consider the information upon such label in determining whether the contents of the bottle, can or other container were composed in whole or in part of ethyl alcohol. A label which identifies the contents of any bottle, can or other container as "beer," "ale," "malt beverage," "fermented malt beverage," "malt liquor," "wine," "champagne," "whiskey" or "whisky," "gin," "vodka," "tequila," "schnapps," "brandy," "cognac," "liqueur," "cordial," "alcohol" or "liquor" shall constitute prima facie evidence that the contents of the bottle, can or other container was composed in whole or in part of ethyl alcohol.

(7) A parent or legal guardian of a person under twenty-one (21) years of age or any natural person who has the permission of such parent or legal guardian may give or permit the possession and consumption of ethyl alcohol to or by a person under twenty-one (21) years of age under the conditions described in Subsection (5)(a). This Subsection (7) shall not be construed to permit any establishment which is or is required to be licensed pursuant to Article 46, 47 or 48 of Title 12, C.R.S., or any members, employees or occupants of any such establishment to give, provide, make available or sell ethyl alcohol to a person under twenty-one (21) years of age.

(8) The qualitative result of an alcohol test or tests shall be admissible at the trial of any person charged with a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section upon a showing that the device or devices used to conduct such test or tests have been approved as accurate in detecting alcohol by the Executive Director of the Department of Public Health and Environment.

(9) Official records of the Department of Public Health and Environment relating to the certification of breath test instruments, certification of operators and operator instructors of breath test instruments, certification of standard solutions and certification of laboratories shall be official records of the State. Copies of such records, attested by the Executive Director of the Department of Public Health and Environment or his or her deputy and accompanied by a certificate bearing the official seal for said Department, which state that the Executive Director of the Department has custody of such records, shall be admissible in the Municipal Court and shall constitute prima facie evidence of the information contained in such records. The official seal of the Department described in this Subsection may consist of a rubber stamp producing a facsimile of the seal stamped upon the document.

(10) In any judicial proceeding in the Municipal Court concerning a charge under Subsection (2), the Court shall take judicial notice of methods of testing a person's blood, breath, saliva or urine for the presence of alcohol and of the design and operation of devices certified by the Department of Public Health and Environment for testing a person's blood, breath, saliva or urine for the presence of alcohol. This Subsection (10) shall not prevent the necessity of establishing during a trial that the testing devices were working properly and that such testing devices were properly operated. Nothing in this Subsection (10) shall preclude a defendant from offering evidence concerning the accuracy of testing devices.

(11) As used in this Section, unless the context otherwise requires:

Establishment means a business, firm, enterprise, service or fraternal organization, club, institution, entity, group, or residence, and any real property, including buildings and improvements, connected therewith, and shall also include any members, employees and occupants associated therewith.

Ethyl alcohol means any substance which is or contains ethyl alcohol.

Possession of ethyl alcohol means that a person has or holds any amount of ethyl alcohol anywhere on his or her person, or that a person owns or has custody of ethyl alcohol, or has ethyl alcohol within his or her immediate presence and control.

Private property means any dwelling and its curtilage which is being used by a natural person or natural persons for habitation and which is not open to the public and privately owned real property which is not open to the public. *Private property* shall not include:

(a) Any establishment which has or is required to have a license pursuant to state statutes or this Code for the sale or dispensing of alcoholic beverages; (b) Any establishment which sells ethyl alcohol or upon which ethyl alcohol is sold; or (c) Any establishment which leases, rents or provides accommodations to members of the public generally.

(12) Penalties.

(a) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall be punished by a fine. (b) if the underage person has no prior convictions under section 20-4-107, then upon a plea of guilty or

no contest (except when such plea is entered in conjunction with a deferred judgment and sentence), or a verdict of guilty by the court or jury, to a violation of subsection (1) of this section, in addition to any other penalty, the court shall require the offender to immediately surrender his or her driver's, minor driver's or provisional driver's license to the court. The court shall forward to the Colorado department of revenue a notice of conviction, together with the offender's license, not later than ten (10) days after the conviction becomes final.

(b) The Court may, at its discretion and as a part of the sentence to be imposed, require a person convicted of possession or consumption of alcohol within the City or in any other jurisdiction, to complete twenty-four (24) hours of Court-approved public service.

(c) Whenever the Court requires that a person complete any amount of public service pursuant to Subsection (2) of this Section, the Court shall also impose upon that person, in addition to any other fine, cost or penalty, a public service fee in an amount approved by the Court.

(d) In addition to any penalty imposed under this section, the court may order a person to complete an alcohol evaluation or assessment, or attend an alcohol education program in connection with a conviction under this section. If the person so order fails to complete the evaluation or assessment or education program, the court shall require the offender to immediately surrender his or her driver's, minor driver's or provisional driver's license to the court. The court shall forward to the Colorado department of revenue a notice of conviction, together with the offender's license, not later than ten (10) days after the conviction becomes final.

(13) Upon the expiration of one (1) year from the date of a conviction for a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section, any person convicted of such violation may petition the Municipal Court in which the conviction was entered for an order sealing the record of such conviction. The Court shall grant such petition if the petitioner has not been arrested for, charged with or convicted of any felony, misdemeanor or petty offense during the period of one (1) year following the date of such petitioner's conviction for a violation of Subsection (1) of this Section.

Sec. 20-4-108 The Unlawful Sale to or Procurement of Alcohol to an Underage Person.

(1) It is unlawful for an adult, twenty-one (21) years of age or older, to assist an underage person to violate Section 12-4-107, by buying for, transferring, delivering, serving or selling to such underage person ethyl alcohol. This is a strict liability offense.

(2) Any person found guilty of the unlawful sale or procurement of alcohol to an underage person, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Article 5

Offenses Involving Public Authorities

Sec. 20-5-101 False Reporting to Authorities.

(1) A person commits false reporting to authorities, if:

(a) He or she knowingly causes a false alarm or fire or other emergency to be transmitted to or within an official or volunteer fire department, ambulance service or any other

government agency which deals with emergencies involving danger to life or property;

(b) He or she makes a report or knowingly causes the transmission of a report to law enforcement authorities of a crime or other incident within their official concern when he or she knows that it did not occur;

(c) He or she makes a report or knowingly causes the transmission of a report to law enforcement authorities pretending to furnish information relating to an offense or other incident within their official concern when he or she knows that he or she has no such information or knows that the information is false; or

(d) He or she knowingly provides false identifying information to law enforcement authorities.

(2) For purposes of this Section, identifying information includes a person's name, address, birth date, social security number, driver's license or Colorado identification number.

(3) A person convicted of false reporting to authorities shall be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-5-102 Resisting Arrest.

(1) A person commits a violation of this Section if he or she knowingly prevents or attempts to prevent a peace officer, acting under color of his or her official authority, from effecting an arrest of the actor or another by:

(a) Using or threatening to use physical force or violence against the peace officer or another; or

(b) Using any other means which creates a substantial risk of causing bodily injury to the peace officer or another.

(2) It is no defense to a prosecution under this Section that the peace officer was attempting to make an arrest which in fact was unlawful if he or she was acting under color of his or her official authority and in attempting to make the arrest he or she was not resorting to unreasonable or excessive force giving rise to the right of self-defense.

(3) As used in this Section, a peace officer acts "under color of his or her official authority" when, in the regular course of assigned duties, he or she is called upon to make and does make a judgment in good faith, based upon surrounding facts and circumstances, that an arrest should be made by him or her.

(4) The term *peace officer* as used in this Section means a peace officer in uniform or, if out of uniform, one who has identified himself or herself by exhibiting his or her credentials as such peace officer to the person whose arrest is attempted.

(5) A person convicted of resisting arrest under this Section shall be punished by a fine or by imprisonment, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 20-5-103 Obstructing Police.

(1) Any person who shall knowingly and willfully obstruct, resist, interfere with or oppose any

peace officer or other person duly authorized to serve as a special or extra officer, when such officer is engaged in the performance of his or her duties, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

(2) To ensure that animals used in law enforcement activities are protected from harm, no person shall knowingly obstruct, impair or hinder any such animal in performing its law enforcement activities by using or threatening to use violence, force, physical interference or obstacle.

(3) The term *peace officer* as used in this section means a peace officer in uniform or, if out of uniform, one who has identified himself or herself by exhibiting his or her credentials as such peace officer to the person.

(4) Any person convicted of violating Subsection (1) or (2) of this Section shall be punished by a fine or by imprisonment, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ARTICLE 6

Offenses Involving the Public

Division 1

Offenses Involving Drugs And Alcohol

Sec. 20-6-101 Definitions

For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Controlled substance" means a drug or other substance or an immediate precursor which is declared to be a controlled substance, and also includes marijuana and marijuana concentrate.

(2) "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind which are used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of the laws of the city.

(3) For purposes of this article 6 "marijuana" or "marihuana" means all parts of the plant *cannabis sativa* L., whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or its resin. It does not include fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant or sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination if these items exist apart from any other item defined as "marijuana" in this article 6. Marijuana does not include marijuana concentrate as defined in section 12-22-303, C.R.S., as amended.

Sec. 20-6-102 Possession of Marijuana.

(1) It shall be a violation of this section for any person to knowingly:

(a) posses a quantity of marijuana of not more than one (1) ounce, or

(b) to openly or publicly consume a quantity of marijuana of not more than one (1) ounce.

(2) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any person who possesses or uses marijuana pursuant to sections 18-18-406(10) and (11), C.R.S.

(3) Transferring or dispensing not more than one (1) ounce of marijuana from one (1) person to another for no consideration shall be deemed possession and not dispensing or sale of marijuana except as provided in section 18-18-106(7), C.R.S. as amended.

(4) Any person found guilty of possession of marijuana, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-103 Possession, sale, or promotion of paraphernalia.

(1) It shall be a violation of this section for any person who knowingly commits the following:

(a) possess drug paraphernalia and knows or reasonably should know that the drug paraphernalia could be used under circumstances in violation of the laws of this city.

(b) to sell or deliver, possess with intent to sell or deliver or manufacture with intent to sell or deliver equipment, products or materials knowing, or under circumstances where one reasonably should know, that such equipment, products or materials could be used as drug paraphernalia

(c) to place an advertisement in any newspaper, magazine, handbill or other publication and who intends thereby to promote the sale in the city of equipment, products or materials designed and intended for use as drug paraphernalia.

(2) In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, the municipal court, in its discretion, may consider, in addition to all other relevant factors, the following:

(a) statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use;

(b) the proximity of the object to a controlled substances;

(c) the existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object;

(d) direct or circumstantial evidence of the knowledge of an owner or of anyone in control of the object, or evidence that such person reasonably should know, that it will be delivered to persons who he/she knows or reasonably should know, could use the object to facilitate a violation of this section;

(e) instructions, oral or written, provided with the object which explain or depict its use;

(f) descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain or depict its use;

(g) national or local advertising concerning its use;

(h) the manner in which the object is displayed for sale;

(i) whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a supplier of like or related items to the community for legal purposes, such as an authorized distributor or dealer of tobacco products;

(j) the existence and scope of legal uses for the object in the community; and

(k) expert testimony concerning its use.

(3) Any person found guilty of possession, sale, or promotion of paraphernalia, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-104 Intoxication.

(1) When any person is intoxicated or incapacitated by alcohol and clearly dangerous to the health and safety of himself, herself or others, such person shall be taken into protective custody by law enforcement authorities or emergency service personnel acting with probable cause, and placed in an approved treatment facility. If no such facilities are available, such person may be detained in an emergency medical facility or jail, but only for so long as may be necessary to prevent injury to himself, herself or others, or to prevent a breach of the peace. A law enforcement officer or emergency service patrolman, in detaining the person, is taking the detainee into protective custody. In so doing, the detaining officer may protect himself or herself by reasonable methods, but shall make every reasonable effort to protect the detainee's health and safety.

(2) A taking into protective custody under this Section is not an arrest, and no entry or other record shall be made to indicate that the person has been arrested or charged with a crime. Law enforcement or emergency service personnel who act in compliance with this Section are acting in the course of their official duties and are not criminally or civilly liable therefor. Nothing shall preclude an intoxicated or incapacitated person who is not dangerous to the health and safety of himself, herself or others from being assisted to his or her home or like location by the law enforcement officer or emergency service patrolman.

Sec. 20-6-105 Open Containers of Alcoholic Beverages.

(1) Except as permitted by Section 12-47-421, C.R.S., it shall be unlawful for any person to possess or carry any open container of any fermented malt beverage, malt, vinous or spirituous liquor in any public park or on any public street, sidewalk, alley or other public way in the City or in any vehicle or conveyance thereon or on the grounds of any public school in the City.

(2) Any person found guilty of violating this Section shall be punished for each violation by a fine.

(3) It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge under this Section that the person charged was in possession of one (1) opened, but resealed container of not more than seven hundred fifty (750) milliliters of partially consumed vinous liquor which was lawfully removed from the licensed premises of a hotel and restaurant licensee pursuant to Section 12-47-421, C.R.S., or Subsection (3) below.

(4) A hotel and restaurant licensee who permits a customer to remove a partially consumed bottle of vinous liquor from the licensed premises shall reseat the bottle with the original cork or other commercially manufactured stopper, and shall package the resealed bottle in another

sealable container (bag or box).

Division 2

Dangerous Weapons

Sec. 20-6-201 Discharge of or use of Firearms or Dangerous Weapons.

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to shoot, explode, discharge, fire or use a revolver or pistol of any description or shotgun or rifle or other firearm or weapon or instrument which may be used for the explosion of powder or cartridges.

(2) The provisions of Subsection (1) of this Section shall not, however, be construed to prevent or restrict the use of any firearms or weapons by peace officers lawfully engaged in training or the discharge of their duties or the use thereof in shooting galleries, or to prevent or restrict the use of blank cartridges in theater and sporting and like events.

(3) Further, except as provided in this paragraph, it shall be unlawful for any person to shoot, discharge, fire or use any air gun, gas-operated gun, spring gun or BB gun, pellet gun or any bow made for the purpose of throwing an arrow or bolt or projecting missiles of any kind by any means whatsoever, whether such instrument is called any name set forth herein or by any other name. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to prevent or restrict the use of any such gun, device or instrument in any range or gallery, under circumstances when the same can be discharge or operated:

- (a) With permission of the owner or person in charge of the grounds;
- (b) In such manner as not to endanger persons or property; and
- (c) In such manner as to prevent a projectile from traversing any grounds or space outside the limits of the range or gallery.

(4) Any person found guilty of the discharge of or use of firearms or dangerous weapons, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-202 Selling Weapons to Intoxicated Persons

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase, sell, loan or furnish any gun, pistol or other firearm in which any explosive substance can be used, to any person under the influence of alcohol or any narcotic drug, stimulant or depressant, to any person in a condition of agitation and excitability, or to any minor.

(2) Any person found guilty of selling weapons to intoxicated persons shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-203 Shooting, Throwing Stones or Missiles

(1) Any person who shall throw or cause to be thrown by means of any peashooter, beanshooter, beany, rubber shooter, slingshot or by means of any other device, machine or contrivance, any stone or other missile or thing at or toward or against any person or animal, or at or toward or against any building, tree or other public or privately owned property, shall be

deemed guilty of a misdemeanor crime.

(2) Any person found guilty of shooting, throwing stones or missiles shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Division 3

Offense Against The Public

Sec. 20-6-301 Excreting in Public Places.

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to urinate or defecate on any public street, upon any public sidewalk, in any other public place, in any public vehicle or in any store, assembly hall, corridor or other place open to or used by the public except rest rooms and toilets which are provided for this purpose.

(2) Any person found guilty of excreting in public places, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-302 Indecent Exposure.

(1) Any person who performs any of the following in a public place or where the conduct may reasonably be expected to be viewed by members of the public commits public indecency:

(a) an act of sexual intercourse; or

(b) an act of deviate sexual intercourse; or

(c) a lewd exposure of the body done with intent to arouse or to satisfy the sexual desire of any person; or

(d) a lewd fondling or caress of the body of another person; or

(e) an act of masturbation.

(2) For purposes of this section, "masturbation" means the real or simulated touching, rubbing, or otherwise stimulating of a person's own genitals or pubic area for the purpose of sexual gratification or arousal of the person, regardless of whether the genitals or pubic area is exposed or covered.

(3) Any person found guilty of indecent exposure, a misdemeanor, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-303 Noises.

(1) It shall be unlawful for any person within the City to continue or cause to be made or continued any unreasonably loud, disturbing or unnecessary noise or noise of such character, intensity or duration as to be unnecessarily annoying or detrimental to the comfort, repose, health, peace or safety of others.

(2) Without limiting the generality of the preceding paragraph, the following shall be unlawful acts in the City, the violation of which shall subject any offender to punishment as provided in Section 1-10 of this Code.

(a) The sounding of any horn or other signal device on any vehicle except as a danger warning; or the sounding of any such signaling device for an unnecessary and unreasonable period of time and the use of any such horn or signaling device when traffic is held up for any reason;

(b) The discharge into the air of the exhaust of any internal combustion engine, except through a muffler in good working order and so designed and constructed as to prevent excessive or unusual noise;

(c) The using, operating or permitting to be played any radio, phonograph, electronic tape player, television set or any other sound-amplification device, or musical instrument in such manner or with such volume as to disturb the peace, quiet and comfort of neighboring inhabitants or of any person in the vicinity or at any time with louder volume than is necessary for convenient hearing for the person or persons in the room, vehicle or chamber in which such instrument, machine or device is operated. The operation of any such set, instrument, phonograph, machine or device between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. in such manner to be plainly audible at a distance of fifty (50) feet from the room, building, structure or vehicle in which it is located shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this Section;

(d) The yelling, shouting, hooting, whistling or singing on the public streets or alleyways, particularly between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. or any time or place loudly enough to disturb the quiet, comfort or repose of persons in any office or in any dwelling, hotel or other type of residence or any persons in the vicinity;

(e) The use of any automobile, truck, bus or motorcycle so out of repair or so loaded or in such a manner as to create loud and unnecessary grating, grinding, rattling or other noise;

(f) The erection, demolition, alteration or repair of any building other than between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. except in case of urgent necessity in the interest of public health and safety, and then only with a permit from the City Manager or his or her duly authorized deputy or appointee;

(g) The use of any drum, loudspeaker or other instrument or amplification device for the purpose of attracting attention, by the creation of noise or the playing of music, to any performance, show, sale or display of merchandise without special permission from the City Council. Special permission from the City Council shall be construed to include, but is not limited to, any authorization from the City Council or City Staff to use the City's portable stage (show mobile) or such authorization to use sound amplification devices at any park facilities within the City or issuance of a permit pursuant to Section 20-6-308 for any auction sale on public or private property.

(3) Any person found guilty of violating this section shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-304 Fireworks.

(1) Purpose. The purpose of this Section is to eliminate harm to health and property within

the City and is designed to safeguard the health, safety and welfare of the citizens and protect property.

(2) Scope of authority. Unless exempted by provisions contained herein, the provisions of this Section shall apply to all persons within the City.

(3) Definitions. As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended:

City means the City of Fort Morgan.

Fire Chief means the Fire Chief of the City.

Fireworks means any combustible or explosive composition, or any substance or combination of substances or article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or an audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration or detonation and shall include: blank cartridges, toy pistols, toy cannons, toy canes or toy guns in which any such explosives are used; the type of unmanned balloons which require fire underneath to propel the same; firecrackers; lady fingers; torpedoes; skyrockets; Roman candles; Day-Glo bombs; sparklers or other devices containing any such explosive substance. The term *fireworks* shall not include model rockets and model rocket engines which are designed, sold and used for the purpose of propelling recoverable aero models, when actually used for that purpose and used under the supervision of a science instructor or other competent adult; and when the place and time of firing the sky rockets or missiles has been approved by the Fire Chief. The term *fireworks* shall not include toy pistols, toy canes, toy guns or other devices in which paper or plastic caps manufactured in accordance with the United States Department of Transportation regulations for packing and shipping of toy paper or plastic caps are used and such toy paper or plastic caps are manufactured as provided therein, except that no toy paper or plastic cap shall contain more than twenty-five hundredths (.025) of a grain of explosive composition per cap. Each package containing toy paper or plastic caps offered for retail sale shall be labeled to indicate the maximum explosive content per cap. The sale and use of these toy paper or plastic caps shall be permitted at all times. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as applying to the manufacture, storage, sale or use of signals necessary for the safe operation of railroads or other classes of public or private transportation, or applying to the military or naval forces of the United States or of this State or to peace officers. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as forbidding the sale and use of blank cartridges for ceremonial, theatrical or athletic events.

Person means any individual, firm, organization, partnership, unincorporated association or corporation.

Sell or *display* means selling, offering to sell, exhibiting or possessing with intent to give away, sell or offer to sell within the City.

Use means purchasing, possessing, setting off or otherwise causing to explode or discharge or burn, any firecrackers, torpedo, rocket or other fireworks or explosives of inflammable material, or to discharge them or throw them from land, air or highway into any area of the City. This prohibition includes any substance, compound, mixture or article that, in conjunction with any other substance or compound, would be dangerous from any of the foregoing standpoints. This provision shall also mean and include casting, throwing, lighting or firing any squib, rocket, cracker, torpedo, grenade, gun, revolver, pistol, cap or cartridge or other fireworks or combustible firecrackers of any kind. 20-5

(4) Prohibitions; unlawful acts. Except as provided herein, it shall be unlawful for any person to sell or display, offer to sell, possess, give away, store or use fireworks within the City. It shall be unlawful for a person to allow or permit fireworks to be used or exploded on his or her premises or premises under his or her control. It shall be unlawful for any person to mishandle or misuse fireworks. The following constitute unlawful mishandling or misuse of fireworks:

(a) It shall be unlawful to throw any firework, whether such firework is burning or not.

(b) It shall be unlawful to throw or otherwise use fireworks from an automobile or other motor vehicle, whether the vehicle is moving or standing still.

(c) It shall be unlawful to store, keep, sell or use any fireworks within fifty (50) feet of any gasoline pump, gasoline filling station, gasoline bulk station or any building in which gasoline or volatile liquids are sold in quantities in excess of one (1) gallon.

(d) It shall be unlawful to discharge or use any fireworks within one thousand (1,000) feet of any hospital, sanitarium, nursing home or infirmary.

(e) It shall be unlawful to discharge or use any fireworks in, under or on an automobile or other motor vehicle, whether moving or standing still.

(f) It shall be unlawful to discharge or use fireworks within fifty (50) feet of any retail fireworks stand or facility where fireworks are sold.

(g) It shall be unlawful to mishandle or misuse fireworks in any other way.

(h) It shall be unlawful for anyone under the age of sixteen (16) to purchase fireworks.

(i) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell fireworks to anyone under the age of sixteen (16).

(5) Exceptions. The following exceptions shall apply:

(a) It shall be lawful for a person to possess the fireworks specified in Paragraph (3) below on and between the dates of June 1 and July 15 of each year; provided that nothing in this provision shall be construed to allow the sale or display of any fireworks.

(b) Between the dates of June 1 and July 15, excluding July 4, it shall be lawful for a person to use fireworks herein specified between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. On July 4, it shall be lawful for a person to use fireworks specified herein between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 11:59 p.m.

(c) The following fireworks may be possessed or used, as listed in this Subparagraph, provided that nothing in this Subparagraph shall be construed to allow the possession or use of any firework that is not a Class 1.4G, formally known as Class C, firework as defined by federal law or as prohibited under state law:

(I) Cylindrical fountains with total pyrotechnic composition not exceeding seventy-five (75) grams in weight and an inside tube diameter not exceeding three-fourths ($\frac{3}{4}$) inch.

(II) Cone fountains with total pyrotechnic composition not exceeding fifty (50) grams

each in weight.

(IV) Wheels, with total pyrotechnic composition not exceeding sixty (60) grams for each driver unit or two hundred forty (240) grams for each wheel, and with inside tube diameters or driver units not exceeding one-half (½) inch.

(V) Illuminating torches and colored fire in any form with total pyrotechnic composition not exceeding one hundred (100) grams each.

(VI) Dipped sticks, the pyrotechnic composition of which contains any chlorate or perchlorate not exceeding five (5) grams, and all sparklers.

(VII) Smoke devices known as smoke balls, or tubes containing a pyrotechnic mixture, which, upon ignition, produce a visible cloud of black, white or colored smoke.

(d) Nothing in Subsection (f) below shall be construed as forbidding the possession or use of any fireworks by those in charge of a public exhibition. Such an exhibition may be held on any day or days of the year; provided that it is held at a location which does not endanger persons or property; and provided that a pyrotechnic expert is used; and provided that those in charge of the exhibition obtain a permit and comply with Subsections (h) and (i) herein and all applicable state laws or regulations. As used in this Paragraph, pyrotechnic expert means an individual who, by experience and training, has demonstrated the required skill and ability for safely setting up and discharging displays of fireworks or as otherwise defined by state law.

(6) Use of fireworks in public parks and on public land. It shall be unlawful for any person to discharge or possess any fireworks upon public land or in any public park owned by the City; provided, however, that such use shall be permitted under the following circumstances:

(a) This provision shall not apply to possession of fireworks in the otherwise lawful use of public rights-of-way such as sidewalks and planting strips. This Subsection shall not be a defense to a charge of obstructing traffic or otherwise obstructing a public right-of-way.

(b) The Superintendent of Parks may designate limited areas for use during the hours permitted by this Section for the discharge of fireworks as allowed by this Subsection. Otherwise, lawful discharge and possession of fireworks as allowed by this Subsection in such areas shall not be a violation of this Subsection. In doing so, the Superintendent shall consider:

(I) The sensitivity of the area's environment, wildlife and wildlife habitat;

(II) The inconvenience and nuisance to abutting property owners;

(III) The safety and suitability of the area as a place for the discharge of fireworks;

and

(IV) Danger of fire or other destruction of public property and improvements from the use of the fireworks.

(c) Upon designation of any area, a permit may be signed by the City Manager or his or her designee and posted by July 1 of each year for use on July 4 between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 11:59 p.m.

(d) Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to limit the authority of the City Manager or the Police Chief to allow public exhibitions or display of fireworks under a permit issued in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

(e) The use of fireworks permitted under this Section may be suspended at any time by order of the Fire Chief or his or her designee when it is determined that the use of fireworks poses a threat to the community as the result of drought or any other condition. (See Sections 11-65—11-67 of this Code subject to change).

(7) Public exhibitions; permit applications; content. An applicant for a permit for a public exhibition or display of fireworks shall file with the City Clerk a written application therefor, duly subscribed and sworn to by the applicant. Such application shall set forth the following:

(a) The name of the association, organization or corporation sponsoring the display, together with the names of the persons to be in charge of the display.

(b) The date and time of day when the display is to be held.

(c) The exact location planned for the display.

(d) A description setting forth the name, age, address and experience of the persons who are to do the actual firing and discharging of the fireworks.

(e) The number and kinds of fireworks to be discharged.

(f) The manner and place of the storage of such fireworks between the date of purchase and the date of display.

(g) A diagram or sketch of the grounds on which the display is to be held, showing the point at which the fireworks are to be discharged, the location of all buildings, streets, trees, telephone or telegraph lines or overhead obstructions within a distance of fifty (50) yards of the point of discharge and the lines behind which the public will be restrained.

(8) Public exhibitions; permit applications; filing. An application for a permit for a public exhibition or display of fireworks shall be filed with the City Clerk at least twenty (20) days before the date set for the display. A copy of such application shall be sent at once to the Fire Chief or his or her designee, who shall make or cause to be made an investigation of the site of the proposed display and investigate the competence and skill of the persons in charge of the firing and discharge of the fireworks. If satisfied that the display will be conducted lawfully and in accordance with this Section, he or she shall so advise the City Clerk within ten (10) days, who shall issue the permit. The applicant for a permit shall, at the time of filing the application, pay to the City Clerk a fee in accordance with the fee schedule set by resolution of the city council, which shall be refundable in the event the application for such permit is denied. Each applicant shall also pay to the City Clerk a nonrefundable investigation fee in accordance with the fee schedule set by resolution of the city council.

(a) The City Manager may sign the application/permit if he or she finds that the display proposed in the application meets all safety requirements and obtains the recommendation of the Fire Chief.

(b) The applicant shall have a valid and current license issued by the State authorizing

the holder to engage in public fireworks display.

(c) The applicant shall procure and maintain a policy or policies of public liability and property damage insurance issued by a company or companies authorized to do business in the State in the following minimum amounts: five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) for injuries to any one (1) person in one (1) accident or occurrence; one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) for injuries to two (2) or more persons in any one (1) accident or occurrence; five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) for damage to property in any one (1) accident or occurrence; one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) combined single limit for any one (1) accident or occurrence. In addition, the City is to be an additional named insured and the policy shall provide for the immediate notification of the City by the insurer of any cancellation of any policy.

(9) Application for seller's permit; conditions for issuance. Applications for seller's permits shall be made to the City Clerk at least twenty (20) days prior to the start of any permitted activities. Applications shall be signed by the retail seller, if an individual, or by the duly authorized officer, if an association or corporation. It is unlawful for a fireworks manufacturer, wholesaler or supplier to make application for, or to obtain a retail sales permit on behalf of, any retailer. Seller's permits for the sale of those fireworks allowed pursuant to Subsection (f) above shall be issued only to applicants meeting the following conditions:

(a) The retailer or person in charge and responsible for the retail operation shall be eighteen (18) years of age or older, of good moral character and of demonstrated responsibility.

(b) The applicant shall have a valid and current license issued by the State authorizing the holder to engage in the retail sale of fireworks.

(c) The applicant shall own or have the right to possess a temporary fireworks stand complying with the requirements of this Section.

(d) The applicant shall procure and maintain a policy or policies of public liability and property damage insurance issued by a company or companies authorized to do business in the State in the following minimum amounts: five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) for injuries to any one (1) person in one (1) accident or occurrence; one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) for injuries to two (2) or more persons in any one (1) accident or occurrence; five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) for damage to property in any one (1) accident or occurrence; one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) combined single limit for any one (1) accident or occurrence. In addition, the City is to be an additional named insured and the policy shall provide for the immediate notification of the City by the insurer of any cancellation of any policy.

(e) The permit holder's location or place of business shall be only in those areas or zones within the City where commercial activities are authorized under applicable zoning law.

(f) The applicant shall post with the City a performance bond or a cash deposit in an amount not less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) conditioned upon the prompt removal of the temporary fireworks stand and the cleaning up of all debris from the site of the stand, which deposit shall be returned to the applicant only in the event that the applicant removes the temporary stand and cleans up all debris to the satisfaction of the City. In the event the applicant fails to do so, the performance bond or cash deposit shall be forfeited. In no event shall the applicant be entitled to the return of the performance bond or cash deposit if he or she has failed to remove the stand and clean up all debris by July 10 following the sales period.

(g) No seller's permit shall be issued for a location that fails to meet the criteria set forth in Subsection (10) below, including the minimum stand separation requirement. When necessary, in order to determine priority as to a proposed location, the earliest date and time of filing of an application for a seller's permit with the City Clerk shall be controlling.

(h) The application fee for a permit described in this Section shall be in accordance with the fee schedule set by resolution of the city council, which shall remain in effect until such resolution is amended by action of the city council.

(10) Standards for firework vending facilities. The facilities of all sellers' permit holders shall conform to the following minimum standards and conditions:

(a) Temporary firework stands.

(I) Temporary fireworks stands need not comply with all provisions of the Building Code; provided, however, that all such stands be erected under the supervision of the City Building Inspector, who shall require all stands to be constructed in a safe manner ensuring the safety of attendants and patrons. In the event any temporary stand is wired for electricity, the wiring shall conform to the Electrical Code.

(II) No temporary fireworks stand shall be located within fifty (50) feet of any other building or structure, nor within one hundred (100) feet of any gasoline station, oil storage tank or premises where flammable liquids or gases are kept or stored.

(III) Each temporary fireworks stand must have at least two (2) exits that shall be unobstructed at all times.

(IV) Each temporary fireworks stand shall have, in a readily accessible place, at least two (2) 2A-rated pressurized-water fire extinguishers that are in good working order.

(V) All weeds, grass and combustible material shall be cleared from the location of the temporary fireworks stand and the surrounding area to a distance of not less than twenty-five (25) feet, measured from the exterior walls of the temporary fireworks stand.

(VI) No smoking shall be permitted in or near a temporary fireworks stand for a distance of not less than fifty (50) feet, measured from the exterior walls of the temporary fireworks stand. Signs stating:

"No smoking within 50 feet"

shall be posted on the exterior of each wall of the temporary fireworks stand.

(VII) Each temporary fireworks stand shall have a person who is eighteen (18) years old or older in attendance at all times the stand is stocked. Stock from the stand shall not be removed and stored in any other building during the sales period without the express approval of the Fire Chief.

(VIII) All unsold stock and accompanying litter shall be removed from the temporary fireworks stand by 12:00 p.m. on July 15 of each year.

(IX) No temporary fireworks stand shall be located within five hundred (500) feet of

any other temporary fireworks stand.

(X) Each temporary fireworks stand shall have provisions for sufficient off-street parking, at least fifteen (15) spaces, to avoid impeding a continuous flow of traffic at entrances and exits from the premises.

(XI) No person shall discharge any fireworks within two hundred fifty (250) feet of the exterior walls of any temporary fireworks stand. Signs stating:

"No discharge of fireworks within 250 feet"

shall be posted on the exterior of all walls of the temporary fireworks stand.

(XII) Signs shall be posted stating that no person under the age of sixteen (16) can legally purchase or possess fireworks within the City limits.

(b) Retail vending facilities.

(I) Any retail establishment that obtains a permit to sell fireworks must comply with all federal, state and local fire codes with regard to the construction and maintenance of its building and storage of fireworks.

(II) All public safety notice requirements found in the temporary fireworks requirements set forth above shall apply to retail vending facilities.

(11) Standards for public fireworks displays. All public fireworks displays shall conform to the following minimum standards and conditions:

(a) All public fireworks displays must be planned, organized and discharged by a pyrotechnician. Pyrotechnician means an individual who, by experience and training, has demonstrated the required skill and ability for safely setting up and discharging displays of special fireworks or as otherwise defined by state law.

(b) A permit must be obtained from the City as required by Subsection (8) above.

(c) When, in the opinion of the Chief of Police or Fire Chief, such requirement is necessary to preserve the public health, safety and welfare, the permit may require that a City Fire Department pumper and a minimum of two (2) trained City firefighters shall be on site thirty (30) minutes prior to and after the shooting of the event. The exhibitor shall repay the City for all costs and wages due to firefighters for such time. All compensation for City Fire Department apparatus will be set by the Fire Chief and shall be designated to the City's General Fund.

(d) All combustible debris and trash shall be removed from the area of discharge for a distance of three hundred (300) feet in all directions.

(e) All unfired or "dud" fireworks shall be disposed of in a safe manner.

(f) A minimum of two (2) 2A-rated pressurized-water fire extinguishers and one (1) fire blanket shall be required to be at the fireworks discharge site.

(g) The permit shall be immediately revoked at any time the Chief of Police or Fire Chief or a designee deems such revocation is necessary due to noncompliance, weather conditions

such as, but not limited to, extremely low humidity or high winds. The display shall also be cancelled by accidental ignition of any form of combustible or flammable material in the vicinity due to falling debris from the display.

(h) Areas of public access shall be determined by the Chief of Police, Fire Chief or a designee and maintained in an approved manner.

(12) Penalty. Any person, firm or corporation violating any provision of this Section shall be fined for each offense, and, a separate offense shall be deemed committed on each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.

Sec. 20-6-305 Flying Model Airplane Prohibited.

(1) For the purpose of this Section, *model airplane* shall be defined as any model of an airplane or any other flying structure or contrivance which is powered by any fuel or fuel-driven motor, including, but not limited to a combustion engine.

(2) The flying and operating of model airplanes as defined in Section (1) within the City is hereby declared as a nuisance and prohibited within the City, except that the City Council may hereafter, by resolution, designate specific locations wherein such flying or operating of such model airplanes may be permitted within the City.

(3) Any person found guilty of violating this section shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-306 Riding Skateboards.

(1) Required to yield right-of-way to pedestrians. Whenever any person is riding or using a skateboard or similar device upon a sidewalk or within a pedestrian crosswalk, such person shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian using the sidewalk or crosswalk.

(2) Reckless or careless skateboarding. No person shall ride or use a skateboard anywhere within this municipality in such manner as to indicate either a willful or wanton disregard to the safety of persons or property, or in a careless or imprudent manner, without due regard for the width, grade, curves, corner, traffic or use of the sidewalks and streets by others.

(3) Trespass upon property. Without express permission of the owner or occupant to do so, no person shall ride or use a skateboard upon the driveways, lots, buildings, fixtures, furniture or any other real or personal private property of the others, wherever located and of whatever kind or nature. Further, without the express permission of the City Council, no person shall ride or use a skateboard upon the driveways, lots, buildings, fixtures, furniture or personal public property appurtenant to any municipal building or facility or upon the furniture, fixtures, equipment and other property located in or upon any public park or municipally owned lands or upon any other public property or place, except upon the streets and sidewalks of the City in keeping with the provisions of this Section.

(4) Any person found guilty of violating this section shall be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-307 Garage Sales.

(1) Garage sales, patio sales, yard sales, porch sales and similar sales shall be permitted in

and upon residential premises within the boundaries of the City, subject to the following conditions, limitations and restrictions:

(a) All such sales shall be limited to the principal and accessory buildings and to the yard and driveway of the dwelling;

(b) All such sales shall be limited in duration to forty-eight (48) hours each and to two (2) nonconsecutive sales per year;

(c) No person shall hold any such sale without first obtaining a permit to do so from the Police Department or from any duly authorized police officer or employee of the Police Department. No charge shall be made for any such permit unless the City Council, by resolution duly adopted for such purpose, shall impose a permit fee to defray the actual costs of issuing the permit.

(d) Any person violating the provisions of this Section shall be punished by a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars (\$300.00).

Sec. 20-6-308 Auction Sales.

(1) Auction sales shall be permitted upon private property within the boundaries of the City, subject to the following conditions, limitations and restrictions:

(a) All such sales, including any food service offered in conjunction therewith, shall be limited to private property; no sales activities shall be permitted in the street, street right-of-way, any adjacent alley or on the sidewalk, unless specifically approved by the Police Department;

(b) All such sales shall be limited in duration to twelve (12) hours each day for a maximum of two (2) consecutive days and to only one (1) sale per calendar year per address;

(c) No person shall hold or conduct any such public auction sale without first obtaining a permit to do so from the Police Department or from any duly authorized police officer or employee of the Police Department. The application for permit shall identify the auctioneer, the location, date and time of the auction, the owner of the property on which the auction will be conducted, and shall identify a food server, if food service will be provided at the auction. Both the auctioneer and any food server or food service must possess a current state sales tax license, and a copy of any such license shall be included with the application for permit. No charge shall be made for any such permit unless the City Council, by resolution duly adopted for such purpose, shall impose a permit fee to defray the actual costs of issuing the permit; and

(d) The foregoing conditions, limitations and restrictions shall not apply to permanent auction sales and sites conducted on a regular basis in a proper zoning district, nor shall they apply to foreclosure sales conducted by government officials as authorized by law or any person required by law to sell real or personal property at auction.

(2) Any person violating the provisions of this Section shall be punished by a fine.

Sec. 20-6-309 Loitering.

(1) The word *loiter* means to be dilatory, to stand idly around, to linger, delay or wander about, or to remain, abide or tarry in a public place.

(2) A person commits a municipal offense if he or she, with intent to interfere with or disrupt the school program or with intent to interfere with or endanger school children, loiters in a school building or on school grounds or within one hundred (100) feet of school grounds when persons under the age of eighteen (18) are present in the building or on the grounds, not having any reason or relationship involving custody of, or responsibility for, a pupil or any other specific, legitimate reason for being there, and having been asked to leave by a school administrator or his or her representative or by a peace officer; or

(3) It is an affirmative defense that the defendant's acts were lawful and he or she was exercising a right of lawful assembly as a part of peaceful and orderly petition for the redress of grievances, either in the course of labor disputes or otherwise.

(4) The City Council finds and declares that Fort Morgan, as a political subdivision of the State, has a special interest in the protection of children and, particularly, in protecting children who attend schools because required to do so by the *School Attendance Law of 1963*, Article 33, Title 22, C.R.S., and the prohibition of loitering in Subsection (b)(4) of this Section is enacted in furtherance of these interests.

Section 3. Validity. If any part or parts of this Ordinance are for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. The City Council hereby declares that it would have passed this Ordinance and each part hereof irrespective of the fact that any one part or parts be declared invalid.

Section 4. Repeal. All or parts of Ordinances covering the same matters as embraced in this Ordinance are hereby repealed and all Ordinances or parts of Ordinances inconsistent with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed, except that this repeal shall not affect or prevent the prosecution or punishment of any person for any act done or committed in violation of any Ordinance hereby repealed prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.

Section 5. Interpretation. This Ordinance shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general purpose. Article and section headings of the Ordinance shall not be deemed to govern, limit, modify or in any manner affect the scope, meaning or extent of the provisions of any Article or Section thereof.

Section 6. Certification. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this Ordinance and make not less than three copies of the adopted Code available for inspection by the public during regular business hours.

Section 7. Severability. In the event any part of this Ordinance is found to be unenforceable by a Court of competent jurisdiction, it shall not affect the enforceability of the other portions of the Ordinance.

Section 8. Safety Clause and Effective date. The City Council hereby finds, determines, and declares that this ordinance is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety. This Chapter 20, "Offenses; Miscellaneous" shall be effective as to all violations of the Code committed five (5) days after final publication.

READ, PASSED ON FIRST READING AND ORDERED PUBLISHED the 1st day of June, 2010.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

ATTEST:

/s/ Terry McAlister, Mayor

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED ON FINAL READING AND ORDERED
PUBLISHED the 15th day of June, 2010.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF
FORT MORGAN, COLORADO

ATTEST:

/s/ Terry McAlister, Mayor

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

STATE OF COLORADO)
COUNTY OF MORGAN)
CITY OF FORT MORGAN)

CERTIFICATE

I, Andrea Strand, the duly appointed, qualified and acting Clerk of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, do hereby certify and attest that the foregoing ORDINANCE NO. 1104 was, as a proposed Ordinance duly and legally presented to the City Council of the City of Fort Morgan, Colorado, at a regular meeting on the 1st day of June, 2010. Said Ordinance, as proposed, was duly read at length at said regular meeting, and thereafter the same was, on the 4th day of June, 2010, published in the *Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado. Said proposed Ordinance was again taken up and read a second time, duly and legally passed, approved and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council held on the 15th day of June, 2010. Within five (5) days after its final passage, said Ordinance was published in the *Fort Morgan Times*, a daily newspaper of general circulation published and printed in the City of Fort Morgan, Morgan County, Colorado.

/s/ Andrea Strand, City Clerk

- E. Approve the Report of Changes submitted by Edwards Right Price Market for a 3.2% Beer License.
- F. Approve revisions to the Golf Course Driving Range Fees for the Fort Morgan Municipal Golf Course as presented:
 - \$105 for \$150 worth of balls
 - \$135 for an Unlimited Junior Pass (up to age 23)
 - \$175 for an Unlimited Individual Pass
 - \$225 for an Unlimited Family Pass
- G. Authorize the Mayor to sign a Resolution Adopting the Amendments to the Schedule of Fees Previously Adopted by Ordinance 1090, concerning the Model Traffic Fees and Construction Parking Permit Fee.

- H. Adopt a Third-Party Contribution Policy as presented on June 8, 2010.

THIRD-PARTY CONTRIBUTIONS POLICY

- I. Policy Statement: It shall be the Policy of the City of Fort Morgan to provide cash and in-kind services donations to charitable organizations that provide services that benefit the community.
- II. Budget: The total of all third-party contributions are subject to the amount set by City Council in the budget each year. Third-party contributions shall not be awarded outside of the budget process except as provided in the Code of Ordinances.
- III. Process: All Third-party contribution requests to City Council must follow this procedure to be eligible for a donation award.
- a. The City Manager shall cause notices to be published on the City website and a letter to go to organizations that have received or applied for donations in the past.
 - b. Each applicant shall fill out an application. Partial applications will not be considered. All applications must be received by the deadline set by the City Manager.
 - c. Each returning applicant shall also attach to the application a copy of the prior year's financial statement and current year's budget. All new organizations applying for funds shall provide the current year's budget and how the donation will fit into the budget.
 - d. After the deadline for submission the City Manager will then send a packet containing the application and financial information with a priority list to each Councilmember.
 - e. Each Councilmember will have two weeks to prioritize the submissions and return them to the City Manager. The City Council will then schedule a work session to be held in the Council Conference room to review the results of the prioritization and make the final awards of donations to the applicants.
 - f. The final award shall then be placed into the budget by the City Manager.
- IV. Disclaimer: Nothing in this policy requires the City to pay an awarded amount. The City can revoke an awarded amount prior to payment at any time for any reason.
- I. Approve the appointment of Phil Tarman, of 825 Lane Street, to the Airport Advisory Board, for a term ending January 1, 2011.

All matters listed under Item 11, Consent Agenda, are considered to be routine business by the Council and will be enacted with a single motion and a single vote by roll call. There will be no separate discussion of these items. If discussion is deemed necessary, that item should be removed from the Consent Agenda and considered separately.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 15th day of June, 2010, the vote upon roll call being as follows: Ayes: Mayor McAlister; Councilmembers Bryan, Deal, Forstedt, Nation, Powers and Shaver. Nays: none.

PUBLIC COMMENT / AUDIENCE PARTICIPATION

None.

REPORTS

Manager Merrill stated that he was out and around town after a recent storm and complimented city staff who worked well together. He reminded everyone about the ribbon cutting dedication of the landscaping improvements to Rainbow Bridge which will be held Saturday, June 26, 2010 at 1:00 p.m.

Chief Kuretich informed Council of a police training exercise that will be held north of Riverside Park. It is a three day rural operations exercise to introduce specifics of the rural environment.

BIDS, MEETINGS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Clerk Strand announced upcoming bids and meetings.

Mayor McAlister stated that this Saturday a group of injured veterans, on a bicycle tour, will travel through Fort Morgan. He would like to have a police escort and have the American flags displayed. He also asked if Chief Kuretich could arrange this and contact the Optimists group concerning the flags. State Farm is sponsoring the ride across America as a way to show support.

Mayor McAlister adjourned the June 15, 2010, regular meeting at 8:40 p.m.

/s/ Terry L. McAlister

Mayor

/s/ Andrea J. Strand

City Clerk